Gold opened in New York yesterday at 100¾; closed at 100¾.

Cotton, middling uplands, closed in New York yesterday a 11 15-16c; in Liverpool at 6 9-16d.

THE Signal Service Bureau report indicates for to-day in Georgia, warmer, partly cloudy weather, occasional rain, variable winds mostly southerly, and stationary pressure.

Local Weather Report.

ATLANTA, GA., August 13, 1878.

Time.	Bar.	Ther	Hum.	Direction of Wind	Weather.
7 a.m.	28.847	73°	93	S.W.	Cloudy.
3 p.m.	28.806	78°	82	N	Cloudy.
9 p.m.	28.842	74°	90	W.	Cloudy.
Means.	28.831	75°	88		

Maximum temperature, 83°
Minimum temperature 73
Maximum heat of the direct rays of sun 134.
Rainfall .03 inches

R. J. REDDING, State Ag'l Dep't.

Sunday School Celebration at Adairsville.

The Sunday schools in the south part of the county held a grand celebration at Bethel church, Adairsville, last week. Seven schools joined in the celebration, namely: Bethel, Mt. Gilead, Wesley Chapel, Pleasant Hill, Mt. Delight, Mayson's and Mt. Carmel. The schools and the people in all that section turned out en masse, and all entered with spirit into the enjoyment of the occasion. We also noticed quite a number of our Atlanta Sunday school men in the audience. Judge W A Wilson presided, and stirring addresses were delivered by Mr Charles Donnavan of Mt Gilead, Prof V T Barnwell of Atlanta, Rev Mr Foote of East Point, J C Kimball and B F Walker of Atlanta, Mr Ford of Adairsville, and others.

The singing by the united schools, led by Professor Barnwell, the accomplished chorister of Fulton county Sunday school association, was superb, and the songs by the individual schools was also remarkably fine, and elicited warm praise from the Atlanta speakers.

The celebration was a grand success, not the least enjoyable feature of which was the sumptuous dinner served under the shade of the grand old forest trees, to which the Atlanta guests did ample justice. When next these schools celebrate may we be there to enjoy it.

Demonology.

Those who heard the eloquent and learned sermon of Dr. A. T. Spalding at the Second Baptist church on last Sabbath enjoyed the rare treat of listening to a scientific as well as true biblical explanation of those wonderful spiritual phenomena that have caused so many to doubt the truths of the Christian religion in these latter days.

When our preachers teach the unwary that they temper with demons whenever they try to hold intercourse with the spirits of departed friends, then, and not until then, will this most dangerous form of infidelity cease to mislead.

Dr. Spalding, unlike some ministers, has not shut his eyes to the truth, but has investigated thoroughly and exposed fearlessly.

VERITAS.

The Entertainment Last Night.

The entertainment given by Miss Lizzie Tuller's class at the residence of Mrs J E Butler, on Marietta street, last evening, was a success in every particular. The attendance was quite fine, and every one present seemed to enjoy themselves. The entertainment opened with a charade, in which quite a number of young ladies took part. This was followed by a concert which was greatly enjoyed. The garden in front of the residence, as well as the portico and piazza, was decorated with Chinese lanterns. Every feature of the evening's entertainment was arranged with much taste, and reflects considerable credit upon those who made up the programme. The receipts at the gate and the money taken in for refreshments summed up very handsomely.

Back from Europe.

Mr. J. F. Kiser, of the firm of M. C. & J. F. Kiser & Co., has just returned from his visit to Europe. He stopped in New York some days on his return. His many friends here are glad to see him back and in such good health. He enjoyed the Paris exposition, and in addition to the pleasures furnished by that gay city, found others in different parts of England, Ireland, Scotland and Wales, as well as in Italy and Switzerland. After all his travels, Mr. Kiser says he saw no country he liked so well as the United States, and he says he is glad to be back once more with his friends in Atlanta.

We regret exceedingly that Prof. W. W. Lampkin resigned his connection with the university. We trust that he will still make Athens his home, and in behalf of the young men and boys of the city, we earnestly hope that he will open a high school, of which we are sadly in need. As a teacher, he is almost without an equal. He invariably inspires the respect and elicits the confidence of his scholars, who will do for him what they will do for no other man. There are many parents who long for a first-class school, and should he conclude to teach, they would gladly entrust their sons to him.

We endorse the above, taken from the Athens Chronicle.

Shorter College.

Mr. R. D. Mallory, president, announces in this issue that the fall term of Shorter Female college will open September 3rd. Situated in Rome, a progressive city, endowed with a fine faculty and an abundance of able friends, this college presents a prosperous condition. It draws pupils from all parts of Georgia and Alabama, and affords them the very best advantages. Terms are very reasonable. Read the particulars in the card or send for a catalogue.

A Serenade.

Saturday afternoon THE CONSTITUTION office was serenaded by the Athens cornet band, composed of intelligent colored men of that city. The band is one of the best in the state, having won the praise of competent critics where ever it has played. It accompanies the Athens excursion. By the way, we will remark that a more orderly, polite or respectable set of negroes than the Athens excursion never visited Atlanta.

Nazareth Academy.

At Bardstown, Ky., is situated Nazareth academy, of which Mother Columbia Carroll is the superioress. It is a school of fine fame justly earned. The fall term begins September 3d. Tuition is put at very low rates and all pupils receive particular attention.

Our Fair.

Letters are pouring in daily asking for particulars as to the fair. Premium lists are being mailed in all directions.

Our readers are reminded that those who have not received them can secure copies upon application to the secretary.

Rev. Robert Irvine, D. D., of Augusta, Ga., will preach in the First Presbyterian church, Marietta street, this evening at a quarter past eight o'clock. He will deliver, during the forenoon, an address at the anniversary of the DeKalb county Sunday school association, which will be celebrated to-day at Decatur.

POLICE POINTS.

—Fred Smith, colored, was yesterday arrested for burglary. He takes it coolly.

—Fred Mathis, colored, on a dire suspicion, was yesterday taken into custody.

—Few city arrests during the day.

—Patrolman Clark is one of the best runners on the force. When he chases a darkey he beats Ten Broeck.

—All police matters are working quite along.

—The Police Mutual Aid society is enlisting the sympathies of all the men on the force.

—Recorder Milledge had some rather tough cases yesterday.

—The dull season has a telling effect on the evil doers.

MILITARY MATTERS.

—Another military company is spoken of.

—The Gate City Guards are sure to go to Rome.

—Our boys will meet formidable opposition at the fair.

—Capt. Milledge has the Governor's Guards in splendid trim.

—A target contest between our companies should be arranged.

—Atlanta has four colored companies. All drill very well.

—The Gate City Guards frequently have out 75 men at a time.

—The Cadets are enthusiastic as usual. Capt. McCandless will keep the company to its high standard.

—Let all who can, come and hear the celebrated divine, Rev. Robert Irvine, D. D., of Augusta, Ga., at the First Presbyterian church on Marietta street to-night at 8:15 o'clock.

THE DAILY CONSTITUTION.

VOL. XI. ATLANTA, GA. WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1878. NO 51

CRIME AND CASUALTY.

A MURDEROUS MEETING IN SOUTH CAROLINA.

Shot Through the Heart—A Forger Held—A Tussle with Indians—Pepple's Mistake—Arrested on Suspicion—A Midnight Arrest—Two Murders in Savannah—A Daring Kansas Robbery.

A DARING TRAIN ROBBERY.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

ATCHISON, KANSAS, August 14.—One of the most daring train robberies that ever occurred in the west took place at half past one o'clock this morning, about a mile below the Winthrop junction, opposite this city. As train No. 4, on the Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs railway, south bound, left the Winthrop junction, Conductor Brown noticed

FOUR MEN GET ON THE PLATFORM

between the baggage car and the first coach. At the usual time he left the baggage car and started to go through the train. The first persons he met were the four men standing on the platform. The leader

PULLED OUT TWO REVOLVERS

and pointing them at him ordered him back into the baggage car, at the same time directing him to hold up his hands. As they entered the car from the dark end, the first man they met was Griffith, the baggage man, and he was

ORDERED TO HOLD UP HIS HANDS,

while pistols were held on him. A young fellow named Mather, who was in the baggage car, was given the same order. Frank Baxter, the express agent, was sitting in a chair in the lighted end of the car, his bills in his lap and the express safe open beside him. Busy with his work, he had not noticed the scene that was being enacted in the car, and his first knowledge of danger was

A REVOLVER THRUST IN HIS FACE

and he was ordered to hold up his hands. The leader of the gang then stepped up to the safe, deliberately transferred the money, about $51,000, to a sack they had with them. Conductor Brown was then asked if he had any money, and he replied that he had not. With

THEIR PISTOLS IN HIS FACE,

they then ordered him to stop the train, and having no other alternative he pulled the rope. As the train slowed up the four men backed out of the car, still covering the others with their pistols and

DISAPPEARED IN THE DARKNESS.

No swearing was indulged in. The entire work was done in less than five minutes. The train was

FILLED WITH PASSENGERS,

but none knew of the robbery until the robbers had escaped. They went at the work like old experienced hands. None of them were masked.

THE INDIAN DOCTRESS KILLED.

SAVANNAH, August 13.—To-day Ella Chase, a woman of extraordinary physique known as the Indian doctress, was accidentally shot and killed by her husband.

KILLED BY A LUNATIC.

This morning Ben Morgan, a constable, while assisting the deputy sheriff to arrest David Lebey, a maniac who had barricaded himself in his house, and

THREATENED TO KILL HIS WIFE

on the approach of any one, was shot and almost instantly

KILLED BY LEBEY.

The excitement was intense. The streets in the vicinity of the house were blocked with people. In the afternoon a posse broke into the room and secured the lunatic and carried him to jail.

A CAROLINA VENDETTA.

NEW YORK, August 13.—A special dispatch from Augusta, Ga., says: A difficulty occurred at Edgefield, S. C., yesterday, in which three men, Brooker Toney, Thomas Booth and James Booth were killed, and seven others wounded—one mortally. The trouble grew

OUT OF A FAMILY FEUD,

of long standing. Toney's brother was killed, several years ago, and he suspected the murder was committed by Booth. He therefore swore he would

KILL THE LATTER ON SIGHT.

The hostile parties met to-day, when Toney proceeded to carry out his threat. He drew his pistol, killing the two Booths before he was shot himself. The friends of both parties were drawn into the fight and about

SEVENTEEN SHOTS WERE FIRED.

There was a democratic political meeting in progress at the time, about half a mile from Edgefield, in which the shooting occurred, and Gov. Hampton, who was at the meeting, as soon as he heard of the fight ordered a company of state troops to the scene. There was no fighting after the soldiers reached the spot. Toney

KILLED A NEGRO

in Edgefield a short time ago, but this does not seem to have resulted in any curtailment of his liberty.

IN THE STATE PRISON.

NEWARK, N. J., August 13.—Benjamin Noyes, president of the Newark Mutual life insurance company, convicted of conspiracy to defraud and embezzle the funds of the company, was taken to the state prison at Trenton this morning.

A FORGER HELD.

LONDON, August 13.—Thomas Forbes, who was arrested on the steamer Adriatic, is held for extradition on a charge of forgery.

PEPPLE'S MISTAKE.

CINCINNATI, August 13.—Albert Pepple, a resident of Bainbridge, while drunk, mounted an engine on the Narrow Gauge railroad, near Bainbridge station, while the engineer and fireman were absent, opened the throttle valve, and the engine started at the rate of fifty miles an hour. On turning a curve the engine jumped the track and was completely wrecked. Pepple was fatally mangled.

ARRESTED ON SUSPICION.

NEW YORK, August 13.—Frank McCoy and Daniel Wabon, two desperate characters, were arrested to-day on suspicion of robbing Cashier Store of Hale's piano factory, several days ago.

SHOT THROUGH THE HEART.

PHILADELPHIA, August 13.—A special dispatch from Pittsburg says that a young man named William McNutt was shot through the heart at Canonsburg, Washington county, Pa., this morning, by a wealthy farmer named Tannahill, in whose orchard he had stopped to eat some fruit. McNutt died almost instantly. He was about 27 years of age and highly respected. Tannahill has not been arrested.

A MIDNIGHT ARREST.

NEW YORK, August 13.—At two o'clock this morning an officer arrested Wm. Gray, who was hiding in the basement of a private house in West Fourteenth street. He was shoeless and armed. After he had been locked up, the gentleman who resides in the house informed the officer that his family had been chloroformed and his gold watch and a large amount of other property stolen. It is believed that several men were engaged in the robbery.

A RUNAWAY CAUGHT.

WHITEHALL, N. Y., August 13.—W. R. Humphrey, the absconding cashier of the New Rochelle savings bank, was arrested at Plattsburg this morning.

DEATH OF THE LYNCHED RAPER

NASHVILLE, August 13.—Calvin Beatty, the negro who was taken to Franklin from Nolensville on Saturday, the 3d instant, charged with committing rape on the person of a little daughter of Daniel Chrisman, and who narrowly escaped lynching last Wednesday night, died in jail here yesterday morning, from the effects of the shots he received at the hands of the mob. He was brought to this place for safe keeping on Thursday night, and rested comparatively easy until Sunday morning, from which time he gradually became worse until his death. On Sunday the jail physician, Dr. W. J. McMurray, saw him three times, at the last visit remaining with him until 11 o'clock that night, just

TWO HOURS BEFORE HIS DEATH.

At 6 o'clock Beatty ate a small piece of milk toast. Laudanum was administered to him, and the medicine was repeated at 9 o'clock. Soon after the physician left, all retired except the night watchman, C. J Ferguson, and two prisoners, Milton Bass and James Brooks. At 1 o'clock Ferguson called and asked how Beatty was, and, upon examination, he was

FOUND TO BE DEAD,

the body being still warm. Deputy Corner M. S. Combs was notified, and at four o'clock held an inquest in the cell in which Beatty died. A. G. Morrow, C. J. Ferguson, John G. Marshall, T. P. Wade, Samuel Buchanan, John Doyle and J. T. Stogner were summoned as a jury of inquest, and, after examining Dr. McMurray, returned a verdict of death from gunshot wounds at the hands of an unknown mob.

MARINE CASUALTIES.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, August 14.—The bark Almira Coombs, which arrived at Port Elizabeth, from Boston, subsequently went ashore, is a total wreck.

BAHIA, August 14.—The schooner Etta and Josie, from New York for Rio has been abandoned in a sinking condition. Crew saved.

A FIGHT WITH INDIANS.

GALVESTON, TEXAS, August 13.—A News special from Fort Clark states: Six cow boys found a band of eighty Indians this morning at daylight on the Nueces river, when a sharp fight ensued, resulting in the killing of four Indians and the capture of another who is now in the guard house at the fort. One of the boys received a flesh wound in the neck.

The Potter Investigation.

THE POTTER COMMITTEE.

NEW YORK, August 13.—The Potter committee to-day examined Wm. H. Roberts, editor of the New Orleans Times, who detailed his interviews with Editor Halstead, of Cincinnati, and Governor Hayes, previous to the settlement of the presidential question.

HIS INTERVIEW WITH HAYES

was of an exceedingly pleasant character, and he learned that the governor entertained the most friendly feeling towards the south. Witness told him that the state must be

SAVED AT ALL HAZARDS

to the democrats, and that whatever they threw over would, in that respect, be of least value to them. He also told the governor that they could establish, or show, a vote of 13,000. Governor Hayes told witness he had

NO DESIRE FOR THE PRESIDENCY

unless he was counted in fairly. He spoke very kindly and courteously of the south. The witness detailed at length the conversations he had at various times before the matter was definitely settled with Mr. Lamar and others. The witness said that from his conversations with various republican leaders, he understood that if Louisiana and South Carolina were counted in for Hayes, the government of these states would be given to the democrats. They acted on this assurance, and the assurances were carried out.

AS TO THE SNIFFEN ORDER.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

WASHINGTON, August 14.—The witness said Grant's order, known as the Sniffan order, was issued a short time before he went out of office at the urgent solicitation of republicans. When he left New Orleans to call on Mr. Hayes he believed that the returning board would declare Packard elected. In that conversation Hayes told him he did not want the presidential office

EXCEPT HE GOT IT FAIRLY.

General Comley was present at the time. Hayes said his letter of acceptance was not a mere empty form of words, but that he intended to live up to it in its broadest spirit, and intended to treat the people of the south with fairness and justice. He said nothing as to which state government he would recognize in Louisiana. He understood

"FAIRNESS AND JUSTICE"

to mean the withdrawal of troops and the election of the person receiving the highest vote. He believed Hayes to be a well meaning, honest man.

Butler cross-examined the witness as to whether he did not understand "justice and fairness" to mean the recognition of the democratic government. Witness replied that Hayes made

NO PLEDGES OF ANY KIND,

and he (witness) was left to infer what these words meant. Butler tried to show that they implied a bargain. The witness admitted that when relating his talk with Hayes to his friends he accompanied the information with the statement that he understood Louisiana would be saved.

THE OHIO CAMPAIGN.

Senator Thurman's Speech Yesterday.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

HAMILTON, O., August 14.—Senator Thurman addressed a large audience here to-day in the court house yard. His speech was listened to with close attention, and was warmly applauded. The senator was followed by Milton Sayler and Judge Follett, of Cincinnati.

Congressional Nominations.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14.—Maxwell Stevenson, until recently a prominent democrat, has been nominated for congress by the nationals of the first district. The other districts in this city have not yet made national party nominations, but will do so. The understanding is that Judge Kelly will be nominated in the fourth.

HARRISBURG, August 14.—The nationals of the fourteenth district to-day nominated D. S. Early.

The New Postal Treaty.

WASHINGTON, August 13.—At a cabinet session to-day the government approved the new international postal treaty adopted by a recent universal postal congress at Paris.

FOREIGN FLASHES.

THE GRAND REVIEW OF THE BRITISH FLEET

Paris Exhibition Awards—American Trophies—The Advance of General Philipovich—The Orange Troubles in Canada—The Coming Elections in Cuba.

Great Britain.

THE GREAT NAVAL REVIEW.

PORTSMOUTH, August 13, 12 m., noon.—The great naval review by the queen promises to be a superb spectacle. The waters of Spithead and of Solent are covered with sailing craft of every description and steamboats are arriving from all directions, bringing hundreds of persons to witness the review which will take place at four o'clock.

THE GALE TOO HEAVY.

PORTSMOUTH, August 13.—The weather is unfavorable for the naval review, as the wind was blowing a half gale. Nevertheless there was a large number of spectators present. Her majesty, the queen, in the royal yacht Victoria and Albert, passed through the fleet of broadside ships, turret ships, sloops of war, gunboats and torpedo boats, numbering, in all twenty-four men-of-war, drawn up in line, but no evolutions were attempted.

AFFGHANISTAN IN THE COMMONS.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, August 14.—In the commons to-night Robert Bourke, under secretary for the foreign department, stated that it was impossible for the government to say where the Russian forces in Central Asia were stationed. The government was willing to take the responsibility of sending a mission to Cabul, as it could not regard with indifference what had been passing in Central Asia during the last two months.

Sir Stafford Northcote said that it was always understood that England had a greater interest Affghanistan than had Russia, and was therefore bound to send thither a mission of equal weight and influence with that of Russia.

France.

AMERICAN TROPHIES FROM THE EXPOSITION.

PARIS, August 13.—The awards of the international jury have not yet been published, but a considerable number of successful competitors are known. The American exhibitors have more than a proportionate share of medals and other awards. Among the successful American exhibits are: McCormick's reaper, Wheelock's steam engine, Woods's reaper, Edison's telephone, Wheeler & Wilson's sewing machine, the American Watch company's watches, Fairbanks's scales, Collins's axes, Disston's saws. Wilcox's lard, Farmers' Friend grain drill, Johnston's harvester, Pullman's palace cars, Remington's rifles. Specimens of American coal and wheat receive gold medals, and it is understood that American canned fruits and meats have taken the highest prizes in their class.

FRENCH OCCUPATION OF TUNIS.

PARIS, August 14.—It is rumored that the western powers have agreed to the French protectorate over Tunis.

Bosnia.

THE MOVEMENTS OF THE AUSTRIAN TROOPS.

VIENNA, August 13.—General Philipovich telegraphs that he would effect a junction with the army of the grand duke of Wurtemburg, near Vilz, to-day.

The 20th Austrian division has not yet been able to reach Seworuk. The outposts fought a battle with the insurgents near Gratschanitza on the 4th instant. The division was also engaged on the 8th, 9th and 10th. It advanced close to Tusla, but in consequence of the scarcity of supplies, and the exhaustion of the draught animals, it was obliged to fall back on Gratschanitza to secure its communications, though not compelled to do so by the enemy.

Cyprus.

SUFFERING FROM FEVER.

LONDON, August 13.—A dispatch from Larnaca, Cyprus, to Reuter's agency says the troops are suffering considerably from fever.

South Africa.

AN AMERICAN VESSEL WRECKED.

LONDON, August 13.—Advices from Cape Horn state the American barque Etta Loring, is totally wrecked in Table bay.

Canada.

RENEWAL OF THE ORANGE TROUBLES.

OTTAWA, August 13.—The Orange Young Britons, Prentice Boys and True Blues of this district, accompanied by 175 of the brethren from Montreal, marched yesterday afternoon through the principal streets. At Sparks and Wellington streets, a rough, named Tom Kennedy, endeavored to break the ranks and attempted to

TRIP THE DRUMMER,

but was beaten back. The lower town union men attacked the Young Britons at York and Sussex streets, but were defeated and escaped before the police came up. A union man and a protestant, from Mt. Sherwood, were subsequently arrested, and bailed after the procession dispersed. Two Montreal Britons were cowardly assailed on Wellington street. The assailant was arrested. A mob of five hundred union men and raftsmen, armed with revolvers and stones, congregated around the station to meet the Montreal Britons, who, it was expected, would leave by the train about 10 o'clock. One hundred men of the governor general's foot guards were stationed at the platform, east of the station, while Mayor Bangs and Aldermen McRae, O'Keefe and Stewart, with Colonel Ross, were ready

TO READ THE RIOT ACT

in case of emergency. The chief of police went to Orange hall, where the Britons were preparing to march to the station, and advised them not to proceed to the regular depot, but to march to the junction about three miles out, where they could embark quietly, which advice was finally but very reluctantly followed.

SERIOUS DISTURBANCES

occurred again last night, the union men assaulting the Britons. Several persons were shot and beaten. Several arrests have been made to-day. Attempts also have been made to renew the trouble to-day, but the police prevented it.

STILL LATER.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

OTTAWA, August 14.—Nineteen of the Montreal Britons are here and will probably be escorted this evening to the depot. Trouble is anticipated.

Russia.

A STATE OF SIEGE.

LONDON, August 14.—The Standard's Vienna dispatch says that the riots continue at Odessa, and a proclamation declaring Odessa in a state of siege is expected to be issued.

Cuba.

THE STATE OF SIEGE RAISED.

HAVANA, August 14.—The captain general has issued a decree declaring that as the electoral period is near at hand and the tranquility of the island has been re-established, the state of siege decreed on the 7th of February, 1874, is raised, and all civil and judicial authorities will again attend to cases which belong to their respective jurisdictions according to law. All cases pending before the military tribunal and which come within the jurisdiction of ordinary tribunals will be transferred to the latter together with the custody of the accused.

Turkey.

TURKISH ADVICES TO BOSNIA.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, August 13.—It is thought at Constantinople to be impossible that the Bosnians can prolong their resistance. With the view, therefore, to tranquilize them, the porte has appointed Mehemet Ali Pasha as its commissioner in Bosnia. He will start thither immediately.

The porte, in order to obviate the further depression of the Turkish currency, has decided to raise the import duties on salt, tobacco and spirits to the extent permitted by its treaties on commerce.

Germany.

BRINGING PRESSURE ON THE PORTE.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LONDON, August 14.—In reference to the porte's more pliant attitude on the Batoum and Bosnian questions, the Standard's Berlin dispatch says: Bismarck has instructed the German attache at Constantinople to inform the porte that the continuance of an ambiguous policy would risk the existence of Turkey in Europe.

THE YELLOW FEVER.

Twenty-One Deaths in New Orleans Yesterday.

NEW ORLEANS, August 13.—Forty-three cases—twenty-one deaths reported to-day.

SHE WAS REALLY IRISH.

MEMPHIS, August 13.—Mrs. Kate Bronda, an Irish woman, keeper of a restaurant frequented principally by river hands, is reported down with the yellow fever. The neighborhood is being disinfected.

THE FEVER IN LOUISVILLE.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

LOUISVILLE, August 14.—The steamer John D. Porter landed here last night with several cases of yellow fever on board. The health officers visited her to-day. She moved up the river towards Cincinnati. No danger is felt here.

SEVEN DEATHS IN GRENADA.

Special Dispatch to the Constitution.

MEMPHIS, August 14.—Seven deaths and eight new cases in Grenada during the past twenty-four hours. The city is filthy. The fever is reported at Winona and Canton, Miss.

A FEARFUL SITUATION.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

NEW ORLEANS, August 14.—A dispatch from Vice-President Anderson, of the Memphis Howard association, dated Grenada, Mississippi, yesterday, to the Howard association, of this city, says: "Send orange leaves and nurses. The situation is fearful—worse than in 1873 in Memphis."

A SIGN IN THE HEAVENS.

A Brilliant Meteor in Pennsylvania.

TITUSVILLE, PA., August 13.—A beautiful meteoric display was witnessed from here last evening. The meteor made its appearance in the west at 10:20, moving in a northerly direction. It was of a greenish color and shone with great brilliancy, lighting up the entire surroundings with a light that for the time prevailed over that of the full moon. Its appearance was only momentary, when it burst and divided itself into three fragments, two of which assumed a reddish color. Calculating from the time the explosion was seen until it was heard, the meteor was about 25 miles distant.

OIL CITY, PA., August 13.—A meteor of unusual brilliancy passed here last evening, a few minutes past ten. It was nearly twice the size of a cannon ball. Its course was north.

The Day's Sports.

SARATOGA, August 13.—The first race for maidens two year old three-quarters of a mile, was won by Dan Sparling, Cedric 2d, Annie Augusta 3d—time 1:19¼.

The second race was for the Keener stakes for three year olds, two miles, was won by Duke Magenta, Bramble 2d, Spartan 3d—time 3:41½.

In the third race of one mile and a half for all ages, Parole walked over

The fourth race of one mile and an eighth was won by Rhodamanthus, Kennesaw 2d, Dank 3d—time 2:02½.

THE UTICA TURF.

UTICA, August 13.—The Utica park association races to-day, magnificent weather; fast track; very large attendance. Dame Trot won the 2:34 race for a purse of $1,000, best time 2:22.

Dick Swiveller won the 2:22 race, best time 2:21.

In the 2:22 class, purse $2,000, Dick Swiveller won. Time, 2:21½, 2:23½, 2:21.

Sleepy George and Sweetser will have an extra pacing race to-morrow for $1,000.

BASE BALL

Special dispatches to The Constitution.

BOSTON, August 14.—Indianapolises 7; Bostons 7; eleven innings.

PROVIDENCE, August 14.—Providences 4; Chicagos 4; game called at the end of the eleventh inning on account of darkness.

HAMILTON, ONT., August 14.—Tecumsehs 6; Rochesters 10.

CINCINNATI, August 14.—Milwaukees 10; Cincinnatis 7.

A DOUBLE-SCULL RACE

BARRIE, August 13.—In the double-scull race of one mile and return four boats were started. Plaisted and mate are winners; Gardner Brothers second. Time, 16:46

The Greenbackers.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, PA., August 14.—The county convention of the national greenback labor party was held in this city to-day. About six hundred delegates were present. The convention was rather boisterous. Henry L. Lennickson, tailor, was nominated for recorder of deeds; John Dann, newspaper man, for clerk of quarter sessions; H. Prince Williams, colored barber, and John H. Goldbeck, baker, for city commissioners.

The Texas and Pacific Stockholders.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

PHILADELPHIA, August 14.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Texas and Pacific railroad, was held here yesterday. Henry G. Stebbens of New York, presiding. The annual report of the directors state that 444 miles of the road are now operated. The gross earnings for the year ending May 31st, is $2,331 310 35; working expenses $1,448,439 38; net earnings $882,870 97. In gross earnings as compared with previous year, there was an increase of $278,885 705 Of the entire tonnage 76 per cent. was local business, and 24 per cent. through business.

Tattler's Death.

TRENTON, August 13.—The celebrated stallion, "Tattler" died to day.

THE GEORGIA NINE.

PIKE COUNTY SENDS UNTRAMMELED DELEGATES.

Colonel Billups's Appointments—The Lester Men in Barlow Jubilant—The Situation from a Chattooga Standpoint—The Muddle in Carroll County.

PIKE'S DELEGATES.

Special dispatch to The Constitution.

BARNESVILLE, August 13.—Pike sends her delegates, E H Bloodworth and J H Mitchell, uninstructed. Bloodworth will vote for Candler for first and Hammond for second choice. Mitchell will vote for Stewart for first and Hammond for second choice.

COL BILLUPS ON THE STUMP.

MADISON, August 12th.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION:—Please announce that I will address the people at Carnesville on Saturday, August 17; Gainesville, Monday, August 19; Flowery Branch, Tuesday, August 20; Homer, Thursday, August 22; Clarksville, Saturday, August 24; Toccoa City, Monday, August 26; at Cumming, and also at Jefferson, during court week—the day at each place to be fixed as soon as possible. Other appointments, depending on professional engagements and consent of opposing counsel, will be announced at an early day.

J. A. BILLUPS.

JUDGE LESTER IN BARTOW.

CARTERSVILLE, GA., August 10.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I have been in the seventh district ten days and during that time I have visited three precincts, all in Bartow county—Cartersville, Kingston and Wolf Pen. I found the Lester men all jubilant. I heard a gentleman say yesterday that if Lester continued to gain in this county as he had begun he would reduce largely Felton's majority in his own county. In Kingston, a gentleman who has lived there all his life, and who knows every one in that district, says he never knew so many changes on any political question in his life as there have been in his district of the county. Dr. Felton is blue about Paulding; he told a friend in town that the boys down there were against him. Colonel Pace, of Cedartown, says that Lester will get a large majority of the white vote of Polk. Mr. Andrew McBreyer, of Haralson, says that his county will give Lester a largely increased majority. Hon. Nathan Bass, of Floyd, says his county will go for Lester by a large majority; he says Lester will carry every precinct in the county, with one exception; he says Lester will carry the district by between five hundred and one thousand majority. Mr. Lee, of Walker, says that Walker and Dade will give 400 majority each for Lester. There has been a great revolution among the negroes of the district. They voted almost solidly for Felton last. It is said by those who know that they will be very near equally divided this time. They say they had rather vote for a man who tells them openly that he is a democrat, than one who pretends to them that he is a republican, and tells the white voters that he is a democrat.

"NIMPORTI QUI."

JUDGE LESTER'S GROWING BRIGHTER DAILY.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I see in one of your recent issues that some friend of the independents had written you requesting you to tone down a little. He must have been remarkably sensitive to be offended or aggrieved at anything that has appeared in THE CONSTITUTION. He must remember that independents are expected to have an unusual quantity of cheek and sensibilities lying too deep to be reached by an ordinary friendly criticism. From the fact that any man can find himself willing to aid in disintegrating and breaking up the democratic party in this hour of our country's peril ought to be thus fortified, and he may expect to receive, as he justly merits, the disapprobation of thinking men everywhere; he ought not to forget what party it was that tackled the republican party in the days of its prosperity and strength and what party it was that has conquered it, and is to-day bringing order out of confusion. And any one that is willing to aid in its destruction may expect to be plainly dealt with, and ought to expect but little sympathy, however loudly they talk about Jeffersonian democracy. It is nothing but the cry of the wolf to deceive the lamb. The viper-like bitterness of their organs is an unmistakable evidence of the desperateness of their cause.

The prospect of the election of Judge Lester in this, the seventh, over Dr. Felton is growing brighter daily. The doctor says Lester is a democrat in Washington, but he is considered a nondescript at home. It is reported that Mr. Toombs is soon to take the stump in the interest of Dr. F. Mr. Toombs has some admirers in this section, and they are democrats, and would greatly prefer seeing him engaged in a more laudible enterprise than trying to break up a party that has honored him probably beyond his true merit, and he can be assured that he will not add one friend, by his effort on that line. If the business is too hot for the doctor to discuss jointly, Mr. T., may find it warm even for him. The people have not entirely forgotten his counsel in matters of state, and might in the heat of debate refer to them. You may say to your readers that the one-armed hero is doing well, and we think, is going to be the next representative from the seventh. H. S.

THE CARROLL COUNTY MEETING.

BOWDON, GA., Aug. 10.

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: I see in THE CONSTITUTION of the 8th a letter written by some one signing himself "Voter," and headed "Result in Carroll," which most grossly misrepresents the result, as I shall show, and our county paper—the Times—will bear me out in it, as will the majority by far of all present on the day of meeting. The meeting was called to order by Colonel E. R. Sharpe, secretary of the executive committee. Dr. W. W. Fitts was elected chairman, and Col. Sharpe secretary. On motion the meeting adjourned to the seminary to hear the speeches of the candidates, the court-house not being large enough to contain the vast crowd that had assembled. After the speaking, as was agreed upon, the people returned to the court-house to attend to business. The house was called to order and Oscar Reese, Esq., offered some resolutions calling a primary election on the 16th of this month in order to get the sense of the people as to their choice for congress, the election to be held at each voting place and in each militia district in the county by the members of the executive committee and two or more democrats representing each of the candidates. The managers are to make out upon their hour fair tally sheets of the election—the number of votes received by each candidate voted for, and on the next day thereafter, the 17th of August, return the same to the chairman or secretary of the executive committee to be consolidated. Each voter votes directly for his choice for congress. After the votes are consolidated the candidate having a plurality of the votes cast shall be declared the choice of the county for congress. Then four delegates are to be appointed by the chairman of the executive committee to represent the county at the congressional convention. These delegates are to be of the known friends of the candidate who has a plurality vote. No one is allowed to vote in the election except democrats—qualified voters under the law, or those affiliating with the democratic party. The delegates for the candidate so elected are to be instructed to vote for him first, last and all the time. The foregoing is the sense or substance of the resolutions. J. L. Cobb, Esq., then offered a substitute which were the resolutions as published in "Voter's" letter. A motion was made to table the substitute. The question was put to the house, and, owing to the crowded condition of the house, and no little confusion, it could not be determined which side had it, so in order to more fully determine the matter, it was agreed upon that the people go down on the public square and form two lines, so as to be counted. Tellers having been appointed to count them, they began and counted 316 for tabling and none against it, those against it failing to get into line. At this juncture, it was announced that Dr. Fitts had resigned the chair, and those opposing the tabling of the substitute claimed that the meeting stood adjourned, although no motion was made to that effect. The crowd then returned, however, to the court-room, elected Hon. H. Hogan chairman and proceeded with business as best they could amid such confusion. Then, as Esquire Reese's resolutions were before the house, they were taken up and a good deal of discussion ensued and likewise much confusion. As the opposite party were so very boisterous and noisy, nothing, scarcely, was done for some time. They had been defeated in putting through their one-sided substitute, and now did not seem to want to do anything themselves, nor let others do anything if yelling, hissing, bleating and general disorder would prevent it. At length, however, it was decided to vote upon the question by ballot. The result was 191 in favor of adoption and none against. The chairman appointed an executive committee which completed the business of the meeting. It is said Esq. Cobb renewed his substitute after the crowd returned from the square to the court room. I did not hear him, however, but granting that he did, the chairman recognising the fact that it was out of order did not entertain it. Then Esq. Cobb put his question himself and the little crowd over on the jury benches carried it unanimously, they say. This, Mr. Editor, is how Esqr. Cobb's resolutions were carried. As to the certificate purporting to have been signed by Fitts, chairman, I am now reliably informed that he positively denies signing any such certificate, and moreover it almost insults him for any one to ever question him on the subject. I have no idea who "Voter" is, but he surely is not a Carroll county man, or he would have been better informed on the "result in Carroll." I think Carroll may safely be counted for Hon. H. R. Harris. If so, he will have carried seven counties, making in all twenty delegates for him, and out of the fourteen other delegates we think he will get a number sufficient to elect him, as it will only require three more delegates.

ONE WHO WAS THERE.

FOURTH DISTRICT

EDITORS CONSTITUTION: Among the aspirants for congressional honors in the 4th district, are Henry R Harris, P. F. Smith and W. O. Tuggle. With no disposition to meddle with the affairs of this district, I take the liberty of bearing my testimony to the earnestness and zeal of Capt. Tuggle in the cause of the south

I well remember while Bragg's army was encamped near Murfreesboro, and Gen. Morgan's command was at Black's shop in front of Nashville, being approached by a young man from Georgia, who informed me that his name was W. O. Tuggle, that although he was exempt from military duty, he desired to join Morgan's command and get into active service. He was assigned at once to the honorable position of private in Quirk's scouts, a company that had gained an envied celebrity for its great efficiency and daring. How could it be otherwise; nearly every man in it was a gentleman of intelligence and enterprise from Kentucky or Tennessee, who had been driven from his home for his independence of opinion. Mr. Tuggle did not have to wait very long to get into "active service." An expedition was ordered to the Cumberland, and Quirk's scouts, as usual, led the advance and successfully captured the pickets near Huntsville, which resulted in a surprise by our forces of the federal troops at Huntsville under the command of Gen. Johnson, and the capture of Gen Johnson and his entire command. From this time on Mr. Tuggle was in every raid of Gen. Morgan's command. In one of our most celebrated and successful expeditions, made in December, 1862, Captain Tuggle was captured and sent to Mumfordsville and then to St. Louis, from whence he made his escape and worked his way back to the confederate lines through Memphis and rejoined us at Tullah

INDEX FOR ADVERTISERS NO FOURTH PAGE.

Advertisements in this column charged ten cents per each words; each insertion; payable in advance. No advertisement taken for less than thirty cents. No display, electrotype or cuts will be admitted in this column.

ADVERTISEMENTS—When properly classified the smallest advertisement is seen at once by the very readers whose eyes it was intended to meet, and thus is just as valuable for this purpose as if it had been spread over the whole page.

WANTED.

WANTED—A first-class Sawyer to run a Steam Mill. A. L. Sluder & Co., Social Circle, Georgia. 260 aug14...d2t

WANTED—Three good second hand Iron Kettles that will hold from 100 gallons to 150 gallons each. Address, with price and size, T. N. Bell, Atlanta, Ga. 245 aug13 d3t

WANTED—A middle aged white woman as a Nurse and Chamber-maid. Best references required. Apply at residence of Major Wight, West End. 269 aug14 d1t

WANTED TO HIRE—A good Cook for one small family. W. J. Garrett, 166 Washington street. 248 aug13...d3t

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—4 Horse Power Engine. In splendid working trim. Good as new. Cost $600. $330 will buy it. Also, a No. 1 Paper Cutter, old style, in good order; $75 cash will buy it. Also, Ruggles Flow Paper Cutter. Splendid Machine. $35 will buy it. Apply to Jas. P. Harrison & Co., Atlanta, Ga. 251 aug18...d1t

FOR SALE—260 acres of land with six room dwelling house and cook and dining rooms attached, two miles from Senoia, Coweta county, Georgia, on Line and Keg Creeks. 225 acres in original woods. Three or four horse farm under fence. Apply P. O. Box 75, Newnan, Ga. 137 aug6...d2w sun wed fri

MISCELLANEOUS.

I AM AGENT for the celebrated Gullett Cotton Gin and the Bigelow Steam Engine. Send for price list. C. H. Strong. 158 aug6...d1t

SELLING BELOW COST—As I wish to change my business will sell, until further notice, at less than actual wholesale cost the largest and most select stock of White Pine Doors, Sash, Blinds &c., ever offered in Georgia. Send for price list. Orders with the cash promptly filled and satisfaction guaranteed. W. G. Ashley, 33 S. Broad street, Atlanta, Ga. W. G. ASHLEY, 19 feb8...d1t

AUCTION SALES.

OLCOTT & CO. sell this morning, 8 o'clock, Furniture, Mattresses, Chairs, Shoes, Hats, Meat, Stoves, Large assument of Groceries, Scales, good work Mule, &c. aug14 d1t

The Constitution.

ATLANTA, GA.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 14, 1878.

THE independent candidates may be said to be brass-mounted.

IN the lower half of Georgia, crops are just as good as they can be made.

SOMEBODY ought to tell D. B. Eaton that Gail Hamilton is still after him. Gail acts on paper like she is unhealthy.

WE will get at the facts after awhile. It is now stated that Adam Badeau is the John Russell Young of the Grant excursion.

THE Washington Post says that when preachers go into politics they should quit the pulpit. Is this intended as an attack on Dr. Felton?

A reckless press is an abomination. The editors all over the country are inquiring confidentially where Proctor Knott got his Duluth speech.

SCHURZ has had no recreation. He has no tug-boat like Dicky Thompson and Sneaky Sherman, and he refuses to travel by land for fear of breaking his legs.

AN Alabama debating society is about discussing the question, "Is Gail Hamilton a woman or a man?" This sort of thing should be put a stop to. It is demoralizing. Highly so.

IT'S mighty funny about Uncle Billy Evarts. None of the papers have told us in what part of the country he is sweating this season. We trust he is quite well.

THE question before the public now is, which is Grant, which is Adam Badeau and which is John Russell Young? This is a matter that will have to be settled by arbitration.

CITIZEN SPEER was in the city yesterday. Contrary to the customs of a journeyman communist, he did not tarry at any of the suburban resorts, but stopped at the Kimball house. His fellow-communists will please make a note of this.

UNCLE JOEY MEDILL congratulates himself that the letter of Mr. Manton Marble has stirred up a fight in the democratic ranks. We mention this merely to ask why the editor of the Chicago Tribune should always be wrong?

As a friend of Mr. Dana we would advise him to accept Mr. Bennett's proposition to verify the circulation of the Sun and Herald. It is a very fair proposition altogether. If the Sun really desires to find out the number of papers the Herald sells, now is its opportunity.

THERE seems little doubt that Ben Butler has a fair chance of becoming governor of Massachusetts. No feeling of regret will be developed in this direction. On the contrary, it seems in accordance with the eternal fitness of things that the type of Mr. Evarts's "New England virtue" should govern the typical New England state.

A GEORGIA negro wrote to Mr. Hayes recently for an office. He says: "I take the authorities of the most humblest humilities and earnestly ask for a position under your provisions." Then to the secretary to whom the matter had been referred: "Please send me your future expectations. I thank you the greatest in the world to put it upon me."

THE result of Hewitt's absurd labor committee will be to deluge congress with the testimony of men who never engaged in honest labor in their lives. No laboring man with any self-respect would appear before such a committee and submit to the coarseness which characterizes the chairman, Abram S. Hewitt. We repeat what we have said before in regard to this matter, that the committee is a humbug.

IF the banks in Georgia had not issued certified checks during the panic of 1873, hundreds and thousands of our people would have been ruined, whereas the first stock of the convulsion was scarcely felt. The effects of the panic, however, have been felt ever since, but if we had had a local currency of our own, the people of the state would never have known there was any such thing as the panic.

AND so Dr. Felton expects to carry Cherokee? Men have been deceived in matters of this kind. Once upon a time a lonely man, walking along the thoroughfares of a populous city, espied a silver quarter upon the ground. "Behold," said he, "how fortunate I am! I am growing rapidly opulent." And he stooped down with a weary sigh to grasp the quarter, but, lo! it was not there. Near by was a small boy playing with a string, but the quarter was not in sight. Whereupon the man marvelled much, but marvelling did not restore the quarter, nor did the man see it ever any more.

TIMID COLORED PEOPLE.

Some of the organs and slack-wads pretend to be terribly uneasy because the democrats in some portions of Arkansas are forming cavalry companies. They regard it as threatening the rights of the colored voters and make some very patriotic protests and pathetic prophecies, but it is difficult to understand how a cavalry company in Arkansas can have a more sinister motive or effect than the formation of an infantry company in Georgia. The argument of the organs and the slack-wads, as we understand it, is, not that the democrats propose to organize for the purpose of murdering the negroes or driving them away from the polls, but that the mere fact that such companies have organized or are organizing will have a tendency to intimidate and overawe the colored voters. This leads us to the conclusion that the colored republicans of Arkansas are an exceedingly timid set of patriots. The formation of white military companies in Georgia, so far from frightening the colored men only stimulated them to pursue a similar course, and now there is not a city of any importance in the state where there are not one or more colored military companies. Those of Atlanta were out on parade only the other day, and they presented a very handsome appearance. We venture to say that if the white men in every militia district in Georgia were to form military companies—whether following the bent of their inclinations, they became dragoons or infantrymen—the colored people would feel no alarm. Possibly the ultra-loyalists at the north might pretend to regard the fact as ominous, and possibly some of the slack-wads nearer home might read us long-winded lectures on the duty of the hour, but, after all, what would it amount to? The negro is pretty much the same wherever you find him, and the alarm of those in Arkansas no doubt has its existence only in the fiery, untamed imaginations of the average republican editor.

GEORGE WASHINGTON AS A GAMBLER.

It has been demonstrated that it is an extremely dangerous thing to have a hero—that it is exceedingly unwise to set up any man, however great he may be, as an ideal or as a model. Only very recently the painful fact has been made apparent that the father of his country is not the typical good man that the primers make him out to be. The critical historian has long delighted to cast the shadow of doubt and uncertainty upon the beautiful little story of the cherry tree and the hatchet, and to some extent he has succeeded, but the latest shock to the sensibilities of an unprepared public is the discovery of evidence to the effect that G. Washington was a gambler—a very modest and prudent sort of a gambler, no doubt, compared with the chevaliers of the present age, but probably one of the gayest of the gay sports of the times in which he lived. Among a collection of G. W.'s effects recently purchased by the government is a ledger which contains a scrupulously arranged account, in the good man's own handwriting, of his "gains and losses at cards." Start not, gentle reader! Tighten up your suspenders and stand the strain. G. Washington is not one whit worse now than he was before we knew he concealed the "yerker" in his bosom, or habitually carried a jack full in his coat-sleeve. It is a little hard upon us to be compelled suddenly to regard the father of his country in the light of an amateur professor of poker, but human nature is human nature, and we have no doubt that George could fish face cards from a pack with quite as much facility as he could handle the continental armies. So it goes. Hero worship is useless, even if there were no such thing as oblivion. Washington did his duty to his country and to himself, and if he occasionally got the better of his fellow-sports at two-penny ante, nobody has any right to complain. He was not ashamed of the fact himself, or he would never have left the evidence on record. It is consoling to reflect that, after all, he was a better man than many who know not one card from another. In the meantime his monument is still unfinished.

THE CITY'S CONDITON.

The board of health has exonerated itself from all responsibility for the stinks that arise from every block in the city. Their duties are purely preliminary and advisory. The chief of police has also cleared his skirts. He shows that he is powerless to abate the smells unless they "are calculated to create sickness." He claims that he has no power over unclean kitchens, cellars or back-yards, no matter how offensive they may be, unless he can prove that they are on the point of propagating yellow fever, small-pox or some other "sickness." He has some power over overpowering smells, but none over second-class ones—the very class that are by an united effort depriving those who are compelled to stay in the heart of the city of fresh health-giving air. These minor nuisances with our hot sun and frequent showers are the city's real source of danger, both present and future. They may not be able to breed yellow fever, but they are warranted to produce, if not abated, other diseases almost as fatal; diptheria, for example, or scarlet fever. The city has become too large for the old-time happy-go-lucky manner of dealing with filth.

The cards of the board of health and Chief Tomas place the responsibility where it belongs—on the council. The charter is ample. The laws of the state are ample for the protection of human life against the inroads of disease. But they are not executed; and the council is charged with their execution. The mayor and council can not avoid this responsibility. The visits of a scavenger cart are absolutely unknown in much the largest portion of the city. A dead rat or dog, or mule for that matter, would lie a week in two-thirds of the city, so far as provisions for its removal by council are concerned. We are informed that the council actually expect two carts to remove the filth created by 35,000 people occupying a city with a radius of one mile and one-half! The city chain-gang consists of about twenty-five men. They are divided into two squads. During the heated term, why is not at least one squad kept at work on the filthy gutters and cesspools that abound in every part of the city, instead of cutting down hills and doing work that is neither very pressing nor very necessary? Such questions as these will have to be answered with compound interest when the thousands of stinks that affect the city are materialized into some dreadful disease.

We are glad that the board of health and the police department have brought the city's condition home to the right party. One object of our articles was to locate the responsibility where it belongs. We have found the body of men who must shoulder it. Will they meet the expectations of the public? By the use of the chain-gang, thorough inspection, and a dozen carts the city can be put in a healthful condition within ten days. Will it be done?

STEALING DEMOCRATIC THUNDER.

In the two preceding issues of THE CONSTITUTION we proved by indisputable evidence that the democratic and republican parties are respectively parties of the people and the money-power—that the republican party is in favor of maintaining the class legislation of the past, and that the democratic party has forced through as fast as circumstances would permit legislation in the interest of the people at large. We propose to briefly show in this article that on the subject of the redemption of the bonds the nationals or greenbackers have adopted almost word for word the doctrine that has long been held by the democratic party.

Let us begin by trying to find out what the nationals demand in this respect. This, as we have frequently stated cannot be ascertained from the crazy utterances of local canvidates in search of floating votes. We must go to headquarters for the facts. Only two general conventions of the nationals have been held—the one at Toledo on the 22d day of February, and the other at Washington on the 7th inst. The Toledo convention declared that "there shall be no privileged class of creditors. Official salaries, pensions, bonds and all other debts and obligations, public and private, shall be discharged in the legal tender money of the United States, strictly according to the stipulations of the laws under which they were contracted." The Washington platform contains this plank:

> We declare that all bonds and obligations of the national government ought to be paid in legal tender notes of the United States, except where it is otherwise provided by the original law under which they were issued; and all that can be called in and paid now should be paid at once and the remainder as soon as it can lawfully be done.

The Louisiana democratic platform, which was adopted one day before the Washington platform, declares:

> It is the sense of this convention that all bonds and obligations of the national government should be paid in the legal-tender greenback notes of the United States, except where it is otherwise provided in the original law under which they were issued. We further demand the repeal of all laws passed subsequent to the original law creating the public debt by which the obligations of the country have been made more onerous.

We give also the section relating to this subject in the Texas democratic platform, adopted on the 19th ult.:

> We declare that all bonds and obligations of the national government ought to be paid in legal-tender notes of the United States, except where it is otherwise provided by the original law under which they were issued; and all that can be called in and paid now should be paid at once, and the remainder as soon as it can be lawfully done.

The Arkansas democratic platform is equally explicit. Having mislaid our copy of it, we next turn to that of the Missouri democrats. It declares that "legal-tender notes, commonly called greenbacks, should be made a legal-tender in payment of all debts, public and private, except such obligations as are in terms of the original contract expressly made payable in coin." The Ohio democrats declare their opposition to any further increase in the bonded debt. The Pennsylvania democrats declare that the treasury notes should be issued in exchange for bonds. The Iowa democrats favor the equal recognition of gold, silver and United States notes in the discharge of public and private obligations, except when otherwise provided by contract. The Indiana democrats are in favor of making greenbacks a full legal tender "in payment of all debts, public and private, except such obligations only as are by the terms of the original contract under which they were issued, expressly payable in coin."

We have literally quoted the different platforms mentioned. Are we not, in view of these facts, justified in asserting that the nationals have attempted to steal democratic thunder? As a party they have simply put themselves on the democratic line. There is this difference between them and the democrats, however—the one is and will remain powerless for good, while the other will continue to win victories over the money power as fast as they can overcome the obstacles in their way. Those obstacles consist of a republican senate and a republican executive. One of these obstacles will disappear at the opening of the forty-sixth congress, and the people will remove the other in November, 1880 But to ensure the removal of these obstacles, it is necessary that all the friends of currency reform should present a solid front to the rotten alliance of money and sectionalism that has ruled this country for the last seventeen years. It is worse than folly in southern democrats to desert as victory draws nigh the only party that can give relief against their financial and political enemies.

IN GENERAL.

—Edison is going to try his tasimeter on Charles Francis Adams.

—The Emperor William is learning to write with his left hand.

—Commodore Vanderbilt's widow is one of the dashing belles of Bristol, Vermont.

—The youngest son of Louis Philippe is a colonel in the French army.

—Lorne's hair is parted on the feminine plan, and Canada ought to be proud.

—Mr. George Lorillard devotes all the money he wins by racing to charity.

—An Iowa paper nominates Conkling for president and Elihu B. Washburn for vice.

—To J. G. B.: Go north, young man, go north, and freeze up with the country.—Boston Post.

—Six million bottles of hair restorative were sold in the United States last year, yet no one can see that the country is a hair ahead.

—The bishop of Durham, England, spends in charity more than the $40,000 a year which he receives from the bishopric.

—One opera singer will draw out a larger church congregation than the best sermon ever delivered. Let us think these things over.—Detroit Free Press.

—Manton Marble ought to lift the roof off his "literary style" and let the fresh air blow in on it. It has a close and musty odor.—New York Star.

—John Brown, the "favorite gillie" of Queen Victoria, greatly resembles Senator Beck, of Kentucky, in personal appearance. Both are Scotchmen.

—That classical and refined representative of the Kansas jayhawkers, Senator John James Ingalls, is having a hard time persuading his untutored constituents to return him to the senate.

—Sir Garnett Wolseley is a first-rate amateur actor. When quartermaster-general in Montreal he won great applause by his impersonation of Cool in "London Assurance."

—General J. R. Hawley is to be the next United States senator from Connecticut should the legislature be republican. The prospects, however, are not brilliant, as Senator Barnum opposes him.

—Even the Russian language has not the power to describe the feelings of the man with a mosquito bite between his shoulder-blades.

—The triumphant knight at the Orkney springs tournament crowned Miss Mary Mosby, daughter of the confederate colonel, queen of love and beauty. Miss Mosby is described as a blonde, graceful and sylph-like.

—People have been so in the habit of visiting the supposed grave of Hamlet at Elsinore in Denmark that it has been thought a good stroke of business to make one. Hereafter there will be no disappointment.

—It is a noticeable fact that ladies who indulge in archery soon acquire the knack of talking back to a street car conductor who says that nickel is four parts lead. Muscle begets courage.

—It is very noticeable that the man who hasn't been inside of a church since he was a boy, is the one who howls the loudest because an overworked preacher goes away for a two week's vacation in August.

—Lord Lorne will have a salary of $50,000 a year, and his wife has $30,000, and besides the "markiss" has a comfortable fortune of his own, so taking it all in all, the young couple may manage to get along in the wilds of Canada, by the exercise of reasonable economy.

—Senator Beck, of Kentucky, is 53 years old, weighs 222 pounds, and has never taken a dose of medicine in his life. He has left for the plains on a hunting expedition, and says that he can yet walk his thirty miles in a day provided that some one will carry the game.

—Dr. Carver, the celebrated marksman, has begun a trip westward which will end with an exhibition at St. Paul in September. He is said to be tired of shooting and is thinking of giving it up. It will be a pity if he retires without giving our British cousins a display of his skill.

—Much gossip over a scandal, wherein figure a southern lady and a well known New Yorker, troubles Nantucket. The lady thought that she had been insulted, and she is said to have made the man get down on his knees and apologize. This at the point of a pistol, too.

—The medical colleges in Cincinnati steal cadavers just the same as before the late unpleasantness, but the boxes are no longer brasenly marked, "Scrap-iron," when sent by rail. "Army blankets" is the new name given the freight.

—Calhoun Wood, a son of Hon. Fernando Wood, of New York, has filed a petition in bankruptcy in the United States court. The debt, in great part, consist of money due for loans, horses, wagons, clothing, etc. His father is a creditor for nearly $20,000.

—The marriage of Mr. Bennett's sister, Jeannette, to Isaac Bell, jr., is expected to take place in the Catholic church at Newport about the middle of September, both Miss Bennett and Mr. Bell being Catholics. Cardinal McCloskey, who is now summering at Newport, will perform the ceremony.

—William M. Tweed's summer house at Greenwich, Conn., has gone to ruin, and an air of neglect and decay is on everything. The mansion is closed. There is no money to keep things up, and the smooth shaven laws is overgrown. The fine lamps are broken and dismantled, and the costly stables are closed.

—Dr. Carver has a rival in A. M. Alexander, of Indianapolis, who at Lancaster, Ohio, last Wednesday, with a thirty-two calibre rifle, broke thirty-seven out of forty glass balls thrown into the air at fifteen yards rise. He also cut lead pencils in two, shot pieces of coin and did other marvellous things of like character.

A MANLY LETTER.

Prof. Lumpkin's Resignation of His Chair in the State University.

Correspondence of The Constitution

I cannot refrain from commenting favorably upon the manly and sincere letter sent by Prof. W. W. Lumpkin to the board of trustees. This gentleman noting the perplexity the board was in, and feeling that certain changes should be made, conceived it to be his duty to promptly resign his chair in order that the board might not be embarrassed in dealing with the case, so far as he was concerned.

He therefore wrote a letter, in which, after reiterating the facts in the case, and noting that there were eleven professors with only about ninety students, he stated that he felt conscious that certain reductions must be made. He, therefore, promptly tendered his resignation, so that the board might be perfectly free to act as it pleased with his chair. The letter did great credit to him, and although the board yielded to the opportunity thus offered of reducing one chair without a protest from its occupant or his friends, the opinion was general that many men might have been better spared than Mr. Lumpkin.

THE SECRET SOCIETY QUESTION.

A very determined effort was made by graduates and members of the secret societies to have the law abolishing their societies repealed. The S. A. E's and the Chi Phis sent in heavily signed petitions begging that the obnoxious law be repealed. The question was discussed very fully with the trustees. It was finally relegated to the faculty, with the power to act. It would have been better of course to have repealed the absurd and offensive law, which has already barred many a high-spirited young fellow's entrance into the university, but as it is almost purely a question of discipline, the reference to the faculty was well enough. It is believed that the faculty will unanimously move the repeal of the law. This action, it strikes us, might be well taken at once, so that the news of the repeal can be published abroad before the next session opens. As little as some persons may believe it, the enactment of this law, which is a menace to comradeship, is one of the serious and essential causes of the decadence of the university. The societies were all of them based upon high and devoted friendship, upon pure culture and literary advancement. The best men in college alone could get into them. They have living chapters in every considerable university in America; and they rank in every good student's heart, right along with his Alma Mater. We hope to be able to announce the abolition of this unwise and practically disastrous law in a very few days. H. W. G.

The Day of Jubilee.

Thomasville Times.

The time *may* come when men can go into office in Georgia outside the organized democracy, but it hasn't come yet. Mr. Speer, Dr. Felton and all who essay the task, will find this out at the close of the coming campaign. The people of Georgia will have to forget their wrongs; forget their sore oppressions; forget carpet bag and scalawag rule, before they will desert the party which brought them out of the wilderness. There are a few who long for the "flesh pots of Egypt" but the rank and file are as true as steel. "Close up, boys." The long roll will beat on the morning of the 5th of November, and every man should be in his place. Keep cool, aim low and see that your powder's dry. Wait until you can see the "whites of their eyes" and then give them straight democratic tickets by the thousand. That's the kind of ammunition to slay them with. It would be charitable to detail an "infirmary corps" to carry off the dead and wounded on the other side, as there will not be enough of them left to give burial to the slain. In 1880 we'll have one grand funeral. In that year the fast decaying and festering corpse of radicalism will be buried 'neath a majority of half a million votes. And then we'll have a regular "Irish wake."

Bolstering Up Radicalism With Bogus War Claims.

Washington Post.

The New York Tribune has come out in a two column howl about southern war claims. It asserts that $350,000,000 on these claims, and $300,000,000 for internal improvements in the south when they get control of the government. It should be borne in mind an election is approaching, and this is intended as a scare for the supremely radical and the supremely ignorant. It has been shown time again that there is an insuperable constitutional objection to the payment of any debts or obligations incurred in aid of the rebellion, but so slight a circumstance does not stand in the way of any assertions the radicals may find necessary to bolster up their failing cause.

Let us be Cheerful.

Washington Post.

With the greatest crops of cereals ever known, and the cotton crop coming in; with a balance of $257,832,667 of exports over imports for the last fiscal year; with exchange in our favor, and a general though slow revival of most of the leading industries; with an enormous increase of cash sales of public lands; with the certainty that we have seen the last of ruinous radical legislation, and shall soon see the end of radical thieving—with all these blessings there ought to be a let up in croaking and a cheerful looking forward to a smiling future.

Played Tail Long Enough.

Charleston News and Courier.

It is to the interest of the south to act with the democratic party of the north, just as it is the interest of the northern democrats to work in with the south. There is no sentiment in it, on the northern side. With them it is a matter of business. We see no reason, therefore, why the southern convention should go out of its way to praise the northern democratic party for qualities it does not possess. The south will be more respected when it displays more independence. It has been a tail to the national democratic kite quite long enough.

Rough on the Bottom Lands.

St. Louis Evening Post.

The advance in the price of quinine is due, partly, to a natural increase in the demand for it, and partly to an artificial restriction of the supply. Our idiotic tariff virtually gave a monopoly of the manufacture and sale of quinine to the great drug firm of Powers, Weighman & Co., of Philadelphia, and every ague-shaken invalid of the bottom lands of the west pays toll to the monopoly.

President Tilden's Vindication.

Louisville Courier-Journal.

Fair play is a jewel. The democratic party can not afford to have that old man villified and disgraced. He has done nothing to merit it. President he may never be. That is another affair. But honored in the party as one who has done the party and state some service he deserves to be, and honest men everywhere will accord it to him.

Uncle Remus in the Mountains.

Elijay Courier.

Joe Harris, of THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION, is the leading negro-talk writer of America. His "Uncle Remus" articles have won for him a wide reputation. They alone are worth the subscription price of THE CONSTITUTION.

The Trouble.

Philadelphia Enquirer.

The trouble with the national party seems to be that there are too many patriots in its ranks who are willing, and even anxious, to serve their country in the way of officeholding.

The Candidate.

Cincinnati Times, rep.

How doth the busy candidate
Improve each shining minute?
By shaking the hand of the undecided,
And leaving a dollar in it.

A Matter of Growth and Smell.

Washington Post.

Mr. Hipple-Mitchell, alleged senator from Oregon, is out for Grant. The movement grows and smells in proportion.

The National Idea.

Toledo Blade.

The proper road to peace is through anarchy, we suppose, and the only road to prosperity is via ruin. This is the national idea.

They are Two.

New York World.

Mr. Shupe and his money seem to have been soon parted.

—If success depends upon health surely health depends upon pure blood. Dr. Bull's Blood Mixture maintains the blood in a state of purity, and health is the result. 243

TWO SCHOOLBOYS.

From the London Spectator.

Two schoolboy cronies met their way to school
I day by day was shooting;
For they met them day by day,
As each and all pursued our way
Met changed a friendly greeting.

At last I got to nod and smile,
To smile they, too, were willing;
And then I used to stop and stand,
And often shake them by the hand,
And sometime tip a shilling.

Till it became a daily treat
To meet these morning scholars;
I loved to see their merry looks,
Tho' schoolward bound, with bag of books,
Bright cheeks, and shining collars.

Soon came the summer holidays,
And when they were half over,
I took a trip to Germany,
And three months pass'd away ere I
Recrossed the Straits of Dover.

Again I took that old, old walk,
What time the leaves were yellow;
The autumn day was very still—
Just at the bottom of the hill
I met *one* little fellow.

He hailed me with a joyful cry
Of joyfullest delectation;
I laughed to see him laughing so—
"But where's our friend?" "What! don't
you know?
He died in the vacation!"

How was it that I turned aside,
With rough, abruptest bearing?
No mastery on the instant I
Turned off, nor even said, "good-bye,"
And left the youngster staring.

New Advertisements.

GORDON INSTITUTE,

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HAS a well earned record for success ful and practical teaching unsurpassed in the State. It has all the modern appliances, apparatus, and furniture; and a full corps of earnest, enthusiastic, successful Teachers of Art, Science and Literature. It is located in a community justly considered the *most moral, liberal* and *enterprising* in Georgia. Board and tuition for Fall Term, beginning September 3d, 1878, $60. For Catalogue containing particulars, address

CHAS. E. LAMBDIN, President,
236 aug14...d1m Barnesville, Ga.

Notice to Planters.

THE subscriber respectfully informs the Cotton Planters of North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia, Alabama, Florida, Mississippi and Louisiana, that he has lately added to the list of his previous inventions another *Improved Rib*, which he justly claims superior over all in Ribs in use. The name of Improved Gin Rib is known as *Screw Thread, Curved Breast Double X, Centre Vent, Self-Rib, Cleaning-Seed Gin*, open to the world for trial. Price last year, $4 per saw. I will offer this season at $3 50 per saw—payable November 1st, only acceptable. The Common Rib Gin, at $2 25 per saw, only made to order—the purchaser paying freight from my depot at Bel Air. Address me at Bel Air, Richmond county, Ga. THOMAS WYNNE.
239 aug14...d1f

PARTIES TO PUT RAILINGS ALONG STREETS

Where There are Off-setts.

BE IT ORDAINED, That all persons who own property adjoining a street, and whose lots are below the street so as to make a dangerous off-sett, be required to securely enclose the same so as to prevent danger to persons passing along the street.

Section 2. It shall be the duty of the Chief of Police, through the Police force, to give immediate notice to all persons who come within the above section to comply therewith, and on failure to do so, after five days notice such person shall be arrested and brought before the Recorder, and, on conviction, punished by a fine of not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs, or imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, either or both in the discretion of the Recorder, Mayor and Mayor *pro tem*.

All laws in conflict with the above and the same are hereby repealed.

Passed in Council, August 5, 1878.

264 aug14 d3t

Stronger than any Yeast or Baking Powder in the World, and Perfectly Pure.

SEA FOAM

Is warranted to make better, lighter, healthier, sweeter, more toothsome, more digestible, more nutritious

BREAD, BISCUITS, CAKES, PUDDINGS, Etc.

THAN CAN BE MADE IN ANY OTHER WAY.

SEA FOAM is an entirely new invention, without any of the bad qualities of *yeast* or *baking powders*, soda, or saleratus.

SEA FOAM contains no ingredient or element which can produce an injurious effect, but on the contrary has in itself a tendency to sustain and nourish the human system. It is

ABSOLUTELY PURE

Not infrequently the best of flour gets all the blame, when in reality the dark color and poor taste are both caused by the use of inferior raising powder. Many baking powders now highly recommended by grocers, and hence largely sold, are made of old bones ground up, and by a chemical process mixed with other ingredients. Before lending their influence to increase the sale of any baking powder, grocers would do well to ascertain the reputation and standing of its manufacturers. They would thus avoid becoming instrumental in perpetrating a fraud on their customers, and would in the long run make more money. Of course no honest man would knowingly lend himself to such a fraud upon his customers, and it is a very poor policy for any grocer to attempt to palm off inferior goods when the best are asked for. He may by so doing make a little money at the time, but he surely will at some time, if the fraud is discovered, lose one of his best customers, and with him a score of others who might otherwise have dealt with him. A merchant's wisest policy is to secure the best customers, and they are just the ones who want the best goods. SEA FOAM is

WITHOUT AN EQUAL

It is prepared from the purest and best materials only, and is never under any circumstances adulterated. There is no longer any excuse for sour, heavy, or sodden bread, biscuit, or pastry. Every housewife in the land should make herself acquainted with the facts we have stated, which are indisputable, and she will soon ascertain that most of the yeast preparations now being sold are anything else but what they profess to be, and that this is the main reason why so large a proportion of the bread consumed by the masses of the community is unhealthful. Invalids are especially interested in this question of yeast, and ought to keep constantly in mind the important fact that their dietary should at all times be the best, and that under the most favorable circumstances they can not hope to regain health and strength unless their food is the most healthful and nutritious that can be obtained. Good food makes good blood, and the nerve force is strengthened or impaired in proportion as the food we eat is nutritious or otherwise.

SEA FOAM is worthy of a fair trial, and that is all we ask for it.

No one having once used it will ever use any other preparation in the baking powder line, but will at once and forever banish from the house the various crude mixtures and bogus preparations in the form of yeast that have so long and so persistently tended to destroy health by imperfectly performing the requirements they professed to fulfill.

SEA FOAM retains in all their excellence the nutritious properties and natural taste of the various cereal preparations of food, while in bread raised by the ordinary means there is very frequently great loss of their toothsome and palatable qualities.

Of all baking or yeast powders, Sea Foam is beyond dispute the

BEST IN THE WORLD

Give it a trial, and you will concede that we have offered you the means to make poor flour sweet, better than when used under ordinary conditions, while good flour will be immeasurably increased in sweetness, richness, and all those qualities which combine to render good bread essentially the staff of life.

SEA FOAM is now used by the leading hotels and restaurants in New York city and throughout the country. One eating-house in New York has become famous for its SEA FOAM biscuit, and during the dinner hours there are always dozens of people waiting their turn to be seated.

Ask your grocer to get it for you, if he has not already placed it in his stock, and if an obliging man he will do so; or send for circular and price-list to

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IN the picturesque Van's Valley, 1½ miles from Dave Spring, and close to a way station on Selma, Rome and Dalton R. R., a RESIDENCE, newly built and well finished, 6 rooms, dining room and kitchen, servants' houses, stables and barns and all necessary outhouses, with 20 acres garden, orchard and pasture, well fenced and watered, and 20 acres woodland, either separate or together, with the FARM, containing 100 acres, 80 of which are 1st and 2d Creek bottom renting at $5 per acre, and 20 acres woodland, with tenement house, one well separate set of barns and stables. Both places have a fine well and springs and are in perfect repair and working order. Address CHAS. M. MARSHALL,
92 aug6...d3mo Cave Springs, Floyd Co.

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Capt W D Grant,	Roger L Gamble, Jr,
Mr W W Alexander,	Jno H Hunter,
Mr B L Bonham,	Jno P Roberts,
Mr P L Cohen,	Jacob Phinizy,
Maj J L Printup,	B C Holtzclaw.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

Jno H Hunter, B Phinizy, P L Cohen.
238 aug8...d3t

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IS IN FULL OPERATION.

NEXT SESSION will be begin August 29th. For catalogue apply to
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University of Georgia.

78th Annual Session.

—FACULTY:—

Rev. P. H. MELL, D. D. L. L. D., Chancellor and Prof. of Metaphysics and Ethics.
WILLIAM RUTHERFORD, A. M., Prof. of Mathematics.
WM. HENRY WADDELL, A. M., Prof. of Ancient Languages.
L. H. CHARBONNIER, A. M., Prof. of Natural Philosophy, Astronomy and Engineering.
C. P. WILCOX, A. M., Prof. of Modern Languages.
H. C. WHITE, C. & M. E., Prof. of Chemistry and Geology.
E. W. SPEER, D. D., Prof. of Belles Lettres and English Literature.
W. M. BROWNE, A. M., Prof. of Agriculture, History and Political Science.
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The next Session will commence on the 2d of October, 1878. Three hundred free scholarships are offered. Board and lodging at $13 a month. For Catalogues and further particulars apply to
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12 LIGHT WINDOW PLAIN SASH 8x10, 65c; 10x12, $1 10; 10x14, $1 25. 10x16 $1 55; 10x18, $1 75; 10x20, $2 00. Rolling Slats Blinds for same, 85c, $1 05, $1 30, $1 35, $1 50, $1 70.

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The Constitution.

ROUNDABOUT IN GEORGIA.

—Good crops in southern Georgia.

—Jasper county has had a colored homicide.

—Forsyth has a steam saw and grist mill.

—Carnesville wants her Baptist church repaired.

—Mr. Joseph B. Sarville, of Stewart county, is dead.

—Refreshing rains have fallen all over the state.

—Forsyth boasts of a regularly organized loafer's club.

—The Athens excursionists have returned in good order.

—A negro woman dropped dead in Macon the other day of heart disease.

—Citizen Speer, of the ninth arrondisement, had on a clean shirt yesterday.

—Two negro burglars were arrested in Newnan last Friday. They were from Henry county.

—Lee county has selected Cook delegates. It is probable that the general will go into the convention with the necessary two-thirds.

—The corn crop in southwest and southern Georgia is fully matured, and is as fine as it can possibly be.

—Colonel R. A. Alston, of DeKalb, has retired from the race for the speakership of the house in favor of Major Bacon, of Bibb.

—Albany hopes to receive one thousand bales of cotton during August against seventy bales during the same month last year.

—During a windstorm in the neighborhood of Carnesville recently a tree was blown upon a little son of Mrs. S. F. Allgood. The child was instantly killed.

—Tinney Rucker thinks that Colonel Thornton has a great many more claims upon the average voter than Mr. Speer—and Rucker is a sharp politician, too.

—Colonel Doit DeVotie, of the Columbus Enquirer, is apparently well informed. We find the following concise editorial in his paper of yesterday. We feel sure that the information it contains will be welcome news to Dr. Felton: "Felton is sure to be elected in the 7th district. All the papers that Joe Brown bought are for Lester."

—Carnesville Register: The "natural born mathematician," Professor Hix, has been in town during the week. He is a young man scarcely twenty-two or three years old. Can neither read nor write, yet can solve almost any practical example. He makes all his calculations by his head, and says he cannot tell one figure from another. He hails from South Carolina.

—Monroe Advertiser: We were shown a day or two since a curiosity in the pottery line. It was a large earthenware vessel of a capacity of six or eight gallons and shaped somewhat like a modern wash pot. The exterior was a little rough, but on the inside the finish was as perfect as can be found in any vessels made at the present time. It is conjectured by the "knowing" that this antique specimen belongs to an age prior to that of the Indians. The pot was washed up near the Ocmulgee river during the great freshet a few years ago. It is now in the possession of Mr. Thos. Bridges of this place.

—Lumpkin Independent: Since leaving here Rev. J. W. P. Fackler has taken out two patents that will no doubt be profitable to him. One is for a fan attachment to sewing machines and the other a burglar proof lock. The fan attachment can be used with any sewing machine, adds nothing to the weight in running it and while the operator is busy she is kept cool and free from the annoyance of gnats and flies. The lock is made so that the two bolts operate incependently of each other and after turning the inside bolt the lock cannot be unlocked from the outside. The two patents are valued at $50,000.

THE CANVASS IN THE NINTH.

To the the Democratic Voters of the Ninth Congressional District.

Elected by your suffrages, in conformity with the time-honored usages of the democratic party, to nominate a fit and proper person to represent you in the 46th congress, we are happy to believe that we have discharged our duty in a manner which will command your hearty approval and will secure your earnest support.

When it was found by the friends and supporters of the two worthy and distinguished citizens whose names were presented to the convention as candidates for the nomination, that a protracted struggle might imperil the peace and harmony of the party and thus involve our defeat at the November election, with that patriotism and unselfish devotion to the public good which have ever characterized the party and which have proved your representatives to be worthy of the high trust you confided to them, the convention, laying aside all individual preferences and personal predilections, although earnestly entertained and deeply cherished have selected with unanimity and have presented to you as your standard-bearer in the coming canvass, the Hon. Joel Abbott Billups, of Morgan, as a candidate in every way worthy of your suffrages, in every way qualified to represent you well and faithfully in the federal congress.

In adopting this course, too, the supporters of Hon. H. H. Carlton and of Hon. H. P. Bell, knew that they were carrying out the wishes of those gentlemen, to both of whom the success of the democratic party was infinitely more to be desired than individual triumph or the gratification of personal ambition, however just or laudable.

Joel Abbott Billups was born and reared and has always lived among you. His name and that of his family are as familiar as household words in this district. His record is known to you all, and his worst enemy, if he have such, cannot allege aught against him which can cast the slightest shadow on his name and reputation. Possessed of talent of a high order, irreproachable character and sound political views, in full fellowship with the democratic party, firm in his allegiance to its organization, you, through your representatives, without solicitation on his part, have chosen him as your standard bearer in the coming contest, believing that the democracy of all parts of the district will cordially unite in his support and elect him by an overwhelming majority.

In the canvass before you your contest is really with the organized radical party, though it presents itself in the deceptive guise of "independent" democracy. Had the pretended objections of the independents to the organization of the democratic party been sincere; had their opposition been caused alone by an honest desire to reform what they believed to be abuses, now that every one of their alleged objections has been removed by the action of the party itself, they would immediately abandon a contest which can only imperil democratic success, and make possible the triumph of the infamous faction which has, for so many years, oppressed and plundered our country and our people.

The independents have objected that the delegates to democratic conventions did not represent the will of the people. The delegates to the convention which nominated Joel Abbott Billups were elected for the most part at primary elections or large meetings of the party after full and sufficient notice.

The independents have objected that the representation in democratic conventions was unjust in that it did not fully represent democratic numbers. In the Gainesville convention your representation was fixed on the same basis as your representation in the general assembly. To have complied fully with the demands of the independents would have lifted the smaller and less populous counties of their proper share of power and have given the larger counties an undue preponderance which they, with characteristic justice, refused to sanction. The independents have objected that democratic nominations by conventions have been generally corrupt—have been made by a few interested parties and did not reflect the popular will. Joel Abbott Billups did not seek the nomination directly or indirectly. The nomination sought him. He stands before you to-day as the candidate whom you have unanimously chosen.

By the union of the democratic party, by strict adherence to its established usages, by willing obedience to its will as expressed by its organization, Georgia and her sister states of the south have emancipated themselves from the corrupt and tyrannical rule of the radicals, and guaranteeing and maintaining in good faith the legal rights of all, without distinction of color or race, have restored the local self-government which our fathers made the corner stone of constitutional liberty. It is by continued union and by undeviating adherence to the democratic principles and usages which wisdom and long experience have sanctioned and established, that we can alone maintain the possession of this inestimable right. The radical party, through its leaders and newspapers, have boldly avowed that, by the support of self-styled independent democratic candidates, they propose to break the "solid south" and achieve their own triumph. They regard the success of an "independent democrat" as practically equivalent to the success of a radical; and they are right, for it is only by radical votes that an independent can hope to be elected.

Democratic voters of the 9th congressional district, mindful of your well and worthily won fame as tried and ever true members of your party, mindful of the eminent services and fidelity of the illustrious men who have represented you in the past in the halls of congress, and mindful of what you owe your country and yourselves in the present crisis—you will, we are well assured, rally with enthusiasm to the support of the candidate of your unanimous choice, elect him by an overwhelming majority, and thus forever stamp out the pestilent faction which seeks to break up your organization, destroy your power and restore the blighting rule of radicalism. Opposition to you, now, is opposition to the democratic party, and whoever, therefore, advocates or countenances the independent movement, whoever consents to be its champion, no matter how loud may be his expressions of devotion to democratic principle, must be regarded by you as an enemy to your party, the more dangerous and detestable because disguised and dishonest.

Rise in your might and crush this opposition. Rebuke in thunder tones the selfish and unpatriotic men who have originated and sustain it, stand firm and united by your party and its organization, and do this by depositing your ballots when the day of election comes, for the good, pure and capable citizen whom your representatives have unanimously chosen and presented for suffrages.

J. F. LANGSTON,
W. E. SIMMONS,
L. J. ALLED,
G. N. NETHERLAND,
H. W. CANNON,
J. S. FAIN,
T. W. RUCKER,
Committee for the convention.

DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA AND QUEEN'S DELIGHT

THE GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER,

KNOWN FAR AND WIDE FOR ITS WONDERFUL VIRTUES.

Thousands of victims of Scrofula, Rheumatic patients who have cast aside their crutches; sufferers from syphilitic taint as mercurical poison, all over the land, bear witness of its efficacy.

The seat of these diseases is in the blood, and impure blood causes unhealthy secretion, which develop Eruptions of the Skin; Sore Eyes, foul Discharges from the Nose, Ears and Womb; White Swellings; Scald Head; NightSweats; Whites; Sallow Complexion; Kidney Disease; Nocturnal Emissions, and a long train of dreadful ills.

DR. TUTT'S SARSAPARILLA

is a concentrated extract of the curative properties of roots and herbs which act on the blood, coming in direct contact with the germ of diseases, extending its influence to every part of the system. It is a powerful alterative, and literally

A RENOVATOR OF THE BODY.

Under its influence the eyes grow sparkling, the complexion clear, and unsightly blotches rapidly disappear.

The value of this compound in general debility can not be overestimated. It arouses the dormant energies of life.

TO THE LADIES.

If you are suffering from what is familiarly known as "Female Weakness," use Tutt's Sarsaparilla and Queen's Delight. It will cure Leucorrhœa, Spermatorrhœa, and other foul discharges, when all other medicine fails.

Sold by Druggists. Price, $1 a bottle or six for $5. Sent by express on receipt of price.

OFFICE, 35 Murray Street, New York.

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34 WARREN ST., N. Y.

Shoe Machinery, Leather and Findings, Sole Leather, Calfskins, Buff, Grain, Morocco, Calfkid and Sheepskins, French Kids. The best Welt Leather, Drills, Buttons, Gorings, Boot Webs, &c., &c. Quotations sent on application. 34 Warren Street, corner Church Street, New York. 316 july19...dlm

A PERFECT HORSE SHOE

What experienced Horsemen and Veterinary Surgeons say of it: "You have struck the right point." "The best shoe I have ever seen." "The greatest real improvement in Horse Shoes since the first horse was shod."

Send for Free Illustrated Pamphlet to THE JOHN D. BILLINGS PATENT HORSE SHOE CO., 265 Broadway, New York.

299 july14 dcodtwksw2

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Canal Street from Sixth to Seventh

RICHMOND, VA

ENGINES, portable and stationary, SAW MILLS, GRIST-MILLS, BOILERS, CASTINGS OF BRASS and IRON, FORGINGS, &c. MACHINERY for Gold and Coal Mines, Blast Furnaces, &c.

We call special attention to our IMPROVED PORTABLE ENGINES, for agricultural and other purposes. Also, to our new styles SMALL LOCOMOTIVES for hauling lumber, and other articles upon tramways and narrow gauge railways.

The best Planters regard our GINNING ENGINES superior to any in use. Send for Illustrated Catalogue free. Other things being equal encourage Southern Institutions.

Repair work solicited and promptly done.

Shafting, Pulleys, &c., for Gin Houses.

Mosely, J. C. & S. F. Miles, Cartersville, Ga. are authorized to receive orders for our machinery in the counties of Gordon, Bartow, Cobb, Floyd, Polk and Cherokee.

WM. E. TANNER & CO.

98 jan26...eodwly

Relief for the Afflicted!

A Popular Medical Treatise

View of Marriage!

On all Diseases of a Private Nature, from Self-Abuse, Excesses, or Secret Diseases, with the best means of cure. 224 pages, price 50 cts.

A CRITICAL LECTURE on the above diseases and Stricture of the Diseased Lungs, Catarrh, Rupture, Organic Habit &c., price 50 cts.

Either book sent postpaid on receipt of price; or all three, in one package, 100 pages, beautifully illustrated, for 75 cts.

Address DR. BUTTS, No. 11 N. 8th St. St. Louis, Mo.

434 aug26...d&wly

DR. RICE,

27 Court Place, LOUISVILLE, KY.,

is the only educated and legally qualified physician and the only specialist, as his practice will prove.

Cures all forms of PRIVATE CHRONIC and SEXUAL DISEASES.

Spermatorrhœa and Impotency, as the result of self-abuse in youth, sexual excesses in mature years, or other causes, and producing some of the following effects: Nervousness, Aversion to Society, Self-distrust, Dimness of Sight, Defective Memory, Pimples on the Face, Aversion to the Society of Females, Confusion of Ideas, Loss of Sexual Power, &c., rendering marriage improper or unhappy, thoroughly and permanently cured. **SYPHILIS** positively cured and entirely eradicated from the system; **GLEET, Stricture, Orchitis, Hernia, (or Rupture), Piles** and other private diseases quickly and safely cured.

It is self-evident that a phy sician who pays special attention to a class of diseases has studied, investigated and mastered the subject, acquires great skill. Physicians knowing this fact often recommend patients to my care. When it is inconvenient to visit the city for treatment, medicines can be sent privately and safely by mail or express anywhere.

Cures Guaranteed in all Cases undertaken.

Consultations personally or by letter free and invited. Charges reasonable and correspondence strictly confidential.

PRIVATE COUNSELOR

Of 200 pages, sent by any address, securely sealed, for thirty (30) cents. Should be read by all. Address as above. Office hours from 9 A. M. to 8 P. M. Sundays, 9 to 4 P. M.

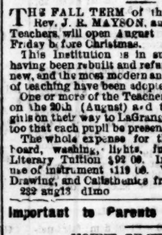
CONSULTATION FREE.

PRESCRIPTION FREE

FOR the speedy Cure of Seminal Weakness, Lost Manhood, and all disorders brought on by indiscretion or Excess. Any Druggist has the Ingredients. Address DR. JAQUES & CO., 130 W. Sixth St., Cincinnati, O.

26 feb8 cowly

Imperishable Fragrance.



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FLORIDA WATER.

The richest and most lasting, yet most delicate of all perfumes for use on the Handkerchief, at the Toilet and in the Bath, delightful and beneficial in the sick room, relieves weakness, fatigue, prostration, nervousness and headache. Look out for counterfeits; always ask for the Florida Water prepared by the sole proprietors, Messrs Lanman & Kemp, New York.

For Sale by Perfumers, Druggists and Fancy Goods Dealers.

Educational.

NASHVILLE ACADEMY.

Boarding and Day School for Young Ladies and Children.

MRS. FELICIA G. PORTER,
MISS F. B. O'BRYAN,
MISS M. M. O'BRYAN. } PRINCIPALS.

Will Open on Monday, Sept. 2, 1878.

NASHVILLE, TENN.

THIS institution offers advantages of the highest order. The teachers have already been secured, and have been selected with great care, so there is no hesitancy felt in promising instruction of the most thorough and finished character to the pupils in every department of education, from the "little ones" in the Kindergarten to those desiring to perfect themselves in the Modern Languages and in Music of the highest style. The prices have been placed just as low as the grade the of teachers employed in the Day School, with the style of accommodations and degree of care bestowed upon members of the boarding families, will justify. The location of the Academy is in the most eligible portion of the city—on South Spruce street, between Church and Broad. Three residence, Nos. 41, 44 and 46, have been secured, which will afford ample room for the Day School, as well as the Boarding Department. For circulars containing further information, address either of the Principals through P. O. lock box 19.

REFERENCES.

Gov. J. D. Porter, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. B. M. Palmer, D.D., New Orleans, La., Rev. T. O. Summers, D.D., Nashville, Tenn., Bishop McTyeire, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. Wm. Graham, Rector Christ Church, Nashville, Tenn., Rev. J. T. Leftwich, D.D., Atlanta, Ga., Jas. B. Baird, M. D., Atlanta, Ga., the Faculty of the Medical College of the University of Nashville and of Vanderbilt University.

145 july9...d3m wed thur sun

EDGEWORTH SCHOOL For Young Ladies,

No. 59 Franklin Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

MRS. H. P. LEFEBVRE, PRINCIPAL.

THE seventeenth Annual Session begins September 19th. For circulars apply to the Principal. 19 aug8...d3m

LaGRANGE FEMALE COLLEGE.

THE FALL TERM of this Institution under Rev. J. R. MAYSON, and his able Board of Teachers, will open August 21st, and close the Friday before Christmas.

This Institution is in successful operation, having been rebuilt and refurnished; everthing is new, and the most modern and improved methods of teaching have been adopted.

One or more of the Teachers will leave Atlanta on the 20th (August) and take charge of any girls on their way to LaGrange. It is important too that each pupil be present the first day.

The whole expense for the Term, including board, washing, lights, fuel, incidentals and Literary Tuition $92 00. Including Music and use of instrument $119 00. Vocal Music in class, Drawing, and Calisthenics free of charge.

232 aug15 d1mo

Important to Parents and Guardians.

MOUNT DE CHANTAL

Academy of the Visitation

NEAR WHEELING, WEST VIRGINIA.

PARENTS in quest of a first class school for their daughters, will do well to investigate the claims of the celebrated Academy. For thoroughness in every department of female education, Mt. de Chantal ranks pre-eminently high. Great attention is given to perfect the pupils in writing and speaking French with fluency. For those sufficiently advanced, it is of the language of their recreation hours. The purity of accent and correctness of pronunciation acquired in this institution have been a subject of surprise to thy natives of France. The reputation of the superiority in music is so wide spread as to have made the Academy almost a national one. One feature, in particular that should recommend Mt. de Chantal to the sensible parent, is the influence exercised to form in pupils views and habits of economy, and to render them really practical and useful women of society in after years. Simplicity in dress is enforced by rule.

These facts, united by the exceedingly moderate rates of board and tuition ($200 per annum), will we trust, secure to this school as large and desirable a patronage in the future as it has enjoyed in the past.

For further particulars apply for a prospectus to the Directress of Mount de Chantal Academy or the Visitation, near Wheeling, West Virginia.

Refer to John H. Flynn, W. A. Thomson or General W. S. Walker.

390 july26...d 6 sept0

Atlanta Medical College.

THE Twenty-First Annual Course of Lectures will commence October 15th, 1878, and close March 4th, 1879.

FACULTY.

J G WESTMORELAND, M D, Professor of Material Medica and Therapeutics.
W F WESTMORELAND, Professor of Surgery.
WM ABRAM LOVE M D, Professor of Physiology.
V H TALLIAFERRO, M D, Professor of Obstetrics and Diseases of Woman and Children.
JNO TRIB JOHNSON, M D, Professor of Anatomy and Lecturer on Venereal Diseases.
A W CALHOUN, M D, Professor of Diseases of the Eye and Ear.
J H LOGAN, A M, M D, Professor of Chemistry
JNO T BAKER, M D, Professor of Practice of Medicine.
C W NUTTING M D, Demonstrator of Anatomy.

Send for Announcement, giving full information.

JNO. THAD. JOHNSON, M D, Dean.

25aug4 4wlm

SOUTHERN Masonic Female College,

COVINGTON, GA.

FALL TERM OPENS MONDAY, September 2d. This is the sixteenth term under the present administration.

The instruction is thorough and varied. The Corps of Teachers ample and well qualified. None others employed.

Terms as low as the lowest of equal grade. Entire cost for ten months—Board, tuition in College classes, and Music, $200. Other special arrangements can be made, costing still less.

Send for Catalogues.

J. N. BRADSHAW, President.

274 july24...d1y&eodwtd

Educational.

EMORY COLLEGE.

THE TRUSTEES have made an important change that it is believed will gain universal approval. Hereafter there will be but

ONE VACATION.

The College year, which embraces nine months and one week, begins the first Wednesday in October and ends the second Wednesday in July. The new arrangement is better for all concerned. The Tuition is $60 00 per annum, payable half at the beginning and half in the middle of the College year. Board from $12 00 to $16 00 per month. Special Mess arrangements can be made that will reduce expenses to $8 00 per month. This has been tried successfully two years.

For further information write to the President.

ATTICUS G. HAYGOOD,
401 july27...d1m Oxford, Ga

Wesleyan Female College,

MACON, GEORGIA.

THE FORTY-FIRST ANNUAL SESSION begins on Sept. 3d, 1878.

Faculty Complete.

Course of Study Thorough and Extensive. For terms apply to

Rev. W. C. BASS, D.D., President,
or C. W. SMITH, D.D., Secretary,

A Liberal Course, embracing extensive facilities in Art, Music, Science and Literature, has been provided for Post-Graduate of this or any other respectable Female College, at reasonable rates. 10 july2...d3m

Atlanta Female Institute,

No. 76 Cor. Forsyth and Church Sts.

THE Fall Term of this Institute will open on Monday, Sept. 2d, 1878, with a full corps of able and experienced teachers in every department. The School affords the most comfortable accommodations for boarding and day scholars. For circulars address Mrs. J. W. BALLARD, Principal, Atlanta Ga

2 aug2...d1m

Mount DeSales Academy

MACON, GEORGIA.

Chartered 28th February, 1877.

THIS Academy, under the direction of the Sisters of Mercy, is acknowledged to be the cheapest first class boarding school in the South.

TERM PER SESSION:

Board and tuition in all English branches...$75 00
Music (Piano or Organ) and use of instrument...15 00
Drawing, Painting, the Languages and Needlework are extras.

Next term commences September 25, 1878. For catalogue and particulars address

DIRECTRESS OF THIS ACADEMY.

433 aug1...d1w then d1w1m

CIVIL AND MECHANICAL ENGINEERING

At the Rensselaer Polytechnic Institute, Troy, N. Y. Next term begins Sept. 12. The Annual Register for 1878 contains a list of the graduates for the past 23 years, with their positions, also course of study, requirements for admission, expenses, &c. Address WM. H. YOUNG, Treas'r. 391 july20...d1m

Shorter College.

Fall Session begins September 3d, 1878.

Faculty Consists of three Male and Five Female Teachers.

All thoroughly competent and of large experience

THE buildings are new and the best in the South, and furniture and furniture are of recent purchase. The location is healthy and is surrounded by grand scenery.

Satisfactory accommodations cannot be given with lower charges for board.

Good teachers cannot be employed with more reduced rates of tuition.

Tuition in literary departments and Board, including fuel, washing and lights, $106, for a session of five months.

Correspondence solicited.

R. D. MALLARY, President,
186 aug11...d1w&2w-1m Rome, Ga.

FREE SCHOLARSHIPS

In Kentucky Military Institute.

FIFTEEN for Kentucky and Southern States. For information address promptly,

THE SUPERINTENDENT,
151 aug9...d3t Farmdale, Ky.

PROF. LOONEY,
MRS. CRAWLEY,

CLAYTON INSTITUTE.

THE reason we can take boarding pupils for 4 months and furnish Board, Tuition, Lodging, Fuel, Washing and Lights, for Seventy Dollars ($70) in advance, is because we have so many of them from all sections of the State and the families that board our pupils take boarders for accommodation and not for a means of support.

Music, Painting, and Drawing, each $30 extra.

For boys to be received they must bring recommendations from good men as to their moral character. We do not keep drunkards and rowdies in our house.

Address G. C. LOONEY, A. M., Principal,
Jonesboro, Ga.
183 aug6...d1w

Augusta Female Seminary,

STAUNTON, VIRGINIA.

THE LARGEST FIRST-CLASS INSTITUTION for YOUNG LADIES in VIRGINIA, with an able

Corps of Twenty-five Teachers.

Opens on the first Wednesday in September, 1878, and closes on the first Wednesday in June, 1879.

For Catalogues, containing full particulars, address

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN, Principal,
510 june27 d2m Staunton, Va

Summer Excursions.

1878 Excursion Season. 1878

THE GEORGIA RAILROAD

Will commence August the 6th the issue of

Excursion Tickets to New York via CHARLESTON.

$46 00 for the Round Trip!

Including State Rooms and Meals.

Tickets Good to Return until October 1st next.

The Fast, Safe, Superbly Appointed and Well Officered steamships

CHAMPION, CHARLESTON,
CITY OF ATLANTA,
GULF STREAM, and GEO. W. CLYDE.

Compose the line. One of them will leave Charleston EVERY WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY, making the voyage in about 50 hours.

This line has a justly celebrated reputation for **Commodious and Handsomely Appointed State Rooms.**

Table Supplied with all the Luxuries of the Season.

Tickets on sale at Union Depot, where State room can be secured.

R. R. DORSEY,
Gen. Passenger Agent.
Aug2...dtf

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
SUPERINTENDENT'S OFFICE,
AUGUSTA, GA., July 13, 1878.

COMMENCING SUNDAY, 14th inst., Trains will leave ATLANTA as follows:

†9 30 a. m.—Augusta, Athens, Macon, Washington and Way Stations. Charleston, Savannah, Fort Royal, Columbia, Wilmington, Norfolk, Richmond, The Virginia Springs, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the East via Coast Line.

No connection for Macon or Washington, Georgia, on Sundays.

5 30 p. m.—Covington Accommodation.

5 00 p. m.—Augusta and Way Stations on Main Line, Charleston, Savannah, Columbia, Charlotte, Danville, Richmond The Virginia Springs, Lynchburg, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and the East via Virginia Midland or Piedmont Airline.

Arrives at Atlanta from Augusta and intermediate stations, 5:05 a. m., 2:15 p. m., from Covington 7:00 a. m.

†Daily—Other Trains Daily Except Sundays.

Superb Improved Sleepers on Night Trains.

S. K. JOHNSON, Superintendent.
R. R. DORSEY, Gen'l Passenger Agent.
000 july17...d&f

THE MACON & BRUNSWICK R. R —AND THE— CUMBERLAND ROUTE TO ALL POINTS IN FLORIDA.

Passenger Service.

THE above line offers unrivalled time facilities, and comforts from Atlanta and contiguous country to all points in Florida, in Passenger Service this route is one train quicker than any other line. Leave Atlanta daily, Sundays included, via Macon, Brunswick and Fernandina, at 2:05 p. m. In conveniences, appointments, and outfit the line is unsurpassed. Lucas Palace Sleepers on all night trains. Tickets on sale at the Union Depot.

Freight Service.

In Freight Service this line has connections via Brunswick with a line of steamships in addition to its own, by which superior facilities and prompt dispatch is offered in freights via Brunswick to Darien, all points on the Satilla River, St. Marys, Fernandina, Jacksonville, and all points on the Upper St. Johns River. Also, to all points on the Atlantic Gulf and West India Transit Co's R R to Cedar Keys, and points on the Gulf; and to points on the Jacksonville, Pensacola and Mobile Railroad: RATES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. Dispatch equal to any line, and to some points greatly superior, being daily. All claims promptly adjusted.

For rates, routes, and any and all other information, either in passenger or freight service, please communicate with R. L. PAINE, Agent, No. 11 Broad street, Atlanta, or the undersigned at Macon, Georgia.

HENRY M. DRANE,
Gen. Freight, Ticket and Passenger Agent.
jan26...dtf

Railroad Schedule

GEORGIA RAILROAD COMPANY,
OFFICE GENERAL PASSENGER AGENT,
AUGUSTA, GA., July 20th, 1878.

EXCURSION RATES.

To Enjoy the Waters of the Famous Georgia Mineral Springs

Will commence on the 15th inst., on August 1st and 15th, and continue to the following points:

Round Trip Tickets to be as follows, viz:

Atlanta to Macon	and Return	$10 00
" " Milledgeville	" "	10 00
" " Washington	" "	7 55
" " Athens	" "	6 30
" " Augusta	" "	10 25

Tickets will be good for a continuous ride and valid 10 days from date of issue. The time limit will not be extended nor will the stop-over privilege be granted on this class of Tickets. As soon as the necessary tickets can be prepared this arrangement will be extended over the entire road and branches. The company reserves the right to abrogate this arrangement without notice.

R. R. DORSEY,
423 july30...1w Gen'l Passenger Agent.

Central & Southwestern RAILROADS

SAVANNAH, GA., June 7, 1878.

ON and after Sunday, June 9th, 1878, passenger trains on the Central and Southwestern Railroads and branches will run as follows:

TRAIN NO. 1—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	8 20	a m
Leaves Augusta	3 20	a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45	p m
Arrives at Macon	8 45	p m
" " Atlanta	5 15	a m
Leaves Atlanta	5 15	p m
Arrives at Atlanta	5 15	a m

Making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air Line, for all points West and North.

COMING SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	11 40	p m
Arrives at Macon	5 30	a m
" " Macon	6 00	a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44	a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30	a m
Arrives at Augusta	4 45	p m
Arrives at Savannah	8 15	p m
Leaves Augusta	8 30	a m

Making connection at Augusta for the Northand East, and at Savannah with the Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

TRAIN NO. 2—GOING NORTH AND WEST.

Leaves Savannah	7 30	p m
Arrives at Augusta	3 40	a m
Leaves Augusta	3 40	a m
Arrives at Milledgeville	9 44	a m
Arrives at Eatonton	11 30	a m
Arrives at Macon	3 00	p m
Leaves Macon for Atlanta	4 45	p m
Arrives at Atlanta	7 45	p m
Leaves Macon for Albany and Eufaula	3 30	a m
Arrives at Eufaula	7 30	p m
Arrives at Albany	3 00	p m
Leaves Macon for Columbus	9 15	a m
Arrives at Columbus	3 15	p m

THROUGH SLEEPER TO AUGUSTA ON TRAIN No. 2.

Trains on this schedule for Macon, Atlanta, Columbus, Eufaula and Albany daily making close connections at Atlanta with Western and Atlantic and Atlanta and Charlotte Air-Line at Eufaula with Montgomery and Eufaula railroads at Columbus with Western and Mobile and Girard Railroads.

Eufaula train connects at Fort [illegible] for Perry daily except Sunday, and at Ou[illegible] for Fort Gaines Mondays, Wednesdays a[illegible] Fridays, returning leave Fort Gaines Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 4:47 a m.

Train on Blakely Extension leaves Albany Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Fridays.

CONNECTIONS SOUTH AND EAST.

Leaves Atlanta	9 05	p m
Arrives at Macon from Atlanta	8 55	p m
Leaves Albany	10 10	a m
Leaves Eufaula	6 30	a m
Arrives at Macon from Eufaula & Albany	4 47	p m
Leaves Columbus	11 00	a m
Arrives at Macon from Columbus	5 05	p m
Leaves Macon	7 30	p m
Arrives at Augusta	5 40	a m
Leaves Augusta	9 45	p m
Arrives at Savannah	7 15	a m

Making close connection at Savannah with Atlantic and Gulf Railroad for all points in Florida.

Passengers for Milledgeville and Eatonton will take train No. 3 from Savannah and train No. 1 from Macon, which trains connect daily, except Monday, for those points.

WILLIAM ROGERS,
General Supt. Central Railroad, Savannah.
W. J. RAOUL,
Supt. Southwestern Railroad, Macon
000 june19...dtf

SUMMER SCHEDULE.

Great Kennesaw Route

—VIA—

Western and Atlantic Railroad

ON and after Sunday, July 14th, 1878, Triple Daily Passenger trains will be run by the Old Reliable Kennesaw Route.

The Fast Mail Train North

Leaves Atlanta at	2 15 p m
Arrives Knoxville at	10 30 p m
Arrives Bristol at	3 30 a m
Arrives Lynchburg at	6 30 p m
Arrives Washington at	9 15 p m
Arrives New York at	6 45 a m

The Fast Mail Train South

Leaves New York at	8 55 p m
Leaves Washington at	6 35 a m
Arrives Atlanta at	12 10 noon

Only 39 hours from New York to Atlanta.

Pullman Cars run daily between New Orleans Mobile, Montgomery VIA ATLANTA, to Washington WITHOUT CHANGE, connecting closely at Washington with Pullman Cars and Coaches for New York without change.

Pullman Palace Cars leave New York daily, making close connection at Washington with Pullman Cars for Atlanta, Montgomery, Mobile, and New Orleans.

The Kennesaw Route is the only line offering such through car arrangements.

THE FAST MAIL TRAIN

Also make close connection at Chattanooga from and to all points West.

THE EXPRESS TRAIN NORTH

Leaves Atlanta at 6 10 a m

which makes close connection for Rome and all the

Virginia and Tennessee Springs

also at Chattanooga for all points West.

The Express Train South

Arrives at Atlanta 10 40 p m

making connection from all points West. Also from VIRGINIA AND TENNESSEE SPRINGS

The Accommodation

Leaves Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) 4 30 p m
Arrives Atlanta daily (ex'pt Sunday) 8 35 a m

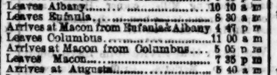
The Kennesaw Route is offering the LOWEST RATES to all Summer Resorts along its line.

Commutation and Monthly Tickets for Summer season at LOW RATES.

Send for Guide Book to Summer Resorts.

B. W. WRENN,
General Passenger Agent,
000 jly 14 dtf Atlanta, Ga.

Atlanta & Charlotte Air-Line R'y



TIME TABLES, IN EFFECT JUNE 9, 1878

NO. 1—MAIL TRAIN—EASTWARD.

Time of Arrival A. M.	Time of Departure P. M.	
	2 40	ATLANTA
5 25	5 26	At Lula, Ga., with the Northeastern Railroad for Athens, &c.
7 48	7 49	At Seneca, with Blue Ridge Railroad for Walhalla and Belton.
9 38	9 39	At Greenville S. C., with the Greenville and Columbia Railroad for Williamston, Belton, Honea Path, Due West, Hodges, Cokesbury, Abbeville C H, Greenwood, Ninety-six, Newberry, Alston and Columbia.
10 55	10 56	At Spartanburg, with the Spartanburg, Union & Columbia Railroad for Union, Santuck, Alston and Columbia, and the Spartanburg and Ashville Railroad, for Tryon Mountain, connecting here with Stages for Flat Rock, Hendersonville, Ashville and Warm Springs N. C. A fine and well furnished hotel at the foot of this mountain.
1 14	1 15	At Gaston, with Chester and Lenoir Narrow Guage Railroad, for Dallas, Pleasant Ridge, Yorkville and Chester.
2 30		At CHARLOTTE, with the Carolina Central Railroad, for Monroe, Wadesboro, Rockingham, Hamlet, Lumberton, Wilmington, Laurelton, Shelby, Wilmington and intermediate points. With Atlantic, Tenn & Ohio Railroad for Statesville, Newton, Hickory, Morganton, Marion, Henry's and Old Fort.
2 30		At CHARLOTTE, with the Richmond and Danville Railroad, for all points North, East and West, and for Virginia Springs.
5 46	5 56	At Greensboro, with Eastern Division N. C. R. R. road, for Company Shops, Hillsboro, Durham, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Kinston, Newbern and Beaufort, and Salem Branch Railroad, for Salem and Winston.

NO. 2—MAIL TRAIN—WESTWARD.

Time of Arrival A. M.	Time of Departure A. M.	
	1 10	AIR-LINE JUNCTION.
	2 15	CHARLOTTE.
12 00		At ATLANTA, Connections with the Atlanta and New Orleans Short Line, A. & W. Pt. R. R.) and the Kennesaw Route, (W. & A. R. R.) for all points in Mississippi, Louisiana, Arkansas, Texas and the Northwest. With the Central Railroad of Georgia, for Macon, Savannah, Brunswick, and all points in Southwestern Georgia and Florida. With the Georgia Railroad for Augusta, Charleston, Port Royal and Savannah.

Pullman Drawing Room Sleeping Cars between Atlanta and New York without change by this train. Tickets for sale at the principal Ticket Offices throughout the country.

G. J. FORRACRE, G. M.
W. J. HOUSTON, G. P. and P. A.
000 june12...dtf

Railroad Schedules.

Piedmont Air-Line

THE GREAT

EXCURSION ROUTE

Summer Excursion Tickets

FOR SEASON OF 1878,

to Eastern Points,

The managers of the Piedmont Air-Line deem it a duty as well as a pleasant privilege to offer the following SUMMER EXCURSION arrangements to the public.

Excursion Rates

FROM

ATLANTA

—TO—

New York & Return

ALL RAIL, DIRECT,

$48 35!

Long Branch and Return, all rail, via New York City $47 00
Cape May and Return, all rail, via Philadelphia 45 50
Newport and Return, all rail 57 50
Newport and Return, Rail and Boat 51 00
Saratoga and Return, Rail going, returning by

A
STRONG POINT
In the New "Domestic" Machine is its closed during position. This, and its light running ease of operation, simplicity, beauty of finish, and last (but not least by any means) its low price, are sterling qualities which commend themselves to those who are seeking a good machine. Our claim: The Best Machine is
MADE STRONGER
by our constantly increasing sales to ladies who have heretofore hesitated about using a machine until they saw the "Domestic."
CRAIGE & CO.,
43 Whitehall Street.
409 mar24...d1f

Alex. Fox, Optician,
39 Whitehall Street.
79 aug4 .d1m

The Constitution.

TRAVELLING AGENTS:
T. M. ACTON. W. E. JOHNSON

OUR TRADE AND FAIR PAPER.

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE CONSTITUTION Trade and Fair issue will be issued on the first day of September. It will consist of eight large pages, or double the size of the Sunday edition. We expect to print 10,000 copies of it. We desire all the aid in the way of information that we can get, for we intend to present a complete summary of the trade not only of Atlanta but of north Georgia. The growth of Atlanta will be fully set forth, and for that purpose we invite contractors and builders to supply us with all the facts in relation to new buildings that they possess. The extent and nature of the city's trade will be presented, supported by facts carefully collated.

One page of this great edition will be devoted to the premium list of the North Georgia fair association, and to other matters relating to the coming fair. As a Trade and Fair paper, the edition will offer unusual attraction to advertisers, especially to jobbing merchants and manufacturers. In order to present in a creditable shape the advantages that our stores and factories offer we desire all the time that is possible. Orders for space should therefore be given within the course of the present week. If our patrons will be prompt in this respect, we promise them a Trade and Fair paper that they will be glad to distribute among their patrons.

THE CONSTITUTION.

THROUGH THE CITY.

NEWS GLIMPSES FROM OUR REPORTERS' NOTE BOOKS.

PERSONAL MENTION.

—Mr R Speer, Athens, Kimball.
—Dr Bradley, Gainesville, Kimball.
—Mr C H Taylor, Macon, Kimball.
—Mr J M Bones, Rome, Markham.
—Mr D J Bailey, Griffin, Markham.
—Col R H Sims, Griffin, Markham.
—Mr Jos Clay, Savannah, Markham.
—Mrs J H DeVotie, Griffin, Kimball.
—Mr Geo H Plant, Macon, Markham.
—Mr J S Leak, Cartersville, Kimball.
—Mr T W Rucker, Athens, Kimball.
—Mr H Tanner, Charlotte, Kimball.
—Mr B H Sims, Charleston, Kimball.
—Mr L Johnson, Blackshear, Kimball.
—Col N N Trammell, Dalton, Kimball.
—Mr B A Strange, Ellaville, Markham.
—Mr R C Meador, Ellaville, Markham.
—Mr J A Ansley, Americus, Markham.
—Mr A A Adams, Americus, Markham.
—Miss Alice Farnum, Dawson, Kimball.
—Mr O C Sanders, Gainesville, Markham.
—Mr B L Banks, Spartanburg, Kimball.
—Mr Edgar Dozier, Columbus, Markham.
—Mr J Adger Smyth, Charleston, Kimball.
—Mr W J Pike, Jefferson county, Markham.
—Mr Sam J Winn, Lawrenceville, Markham.
—Mr T M Bell, Union Springs, Ala, Kimball.
—Mr Wm B Simmons, Lawrenceville, Kimball.
—Mr J W Trammell and wife, Cochran, Markham.
—Mr O B Simmes and wife, Covington, Markham.
—Mr H W Jerrell and son, Newton county, Ga, Kimball.
—Mr Lawrence Dozier, Talbot county, Markham.
—Aldermen James A Nelson, of Macon, one of the "immortal four," is in the city, looking as lively and as genial as ever
—Mr J W Harris, of Carterville, emigrates to Porter springs to-day for a little recreation.
—Mr Henry G Hoyt, of the Central railroad, is in the city.
—Miss Claudie McCardy, of Alabama, is in the city visiting her relatives. She is quite a favorite in Atlanta society.
—Secretary Tom Brock is one of the most enthusiastic democrats in our city. He is with the party "tooth and toe nail."
—Mr Wm A Bomar is spoken of prominently as a candidate for tax receiver. Billy has many friends who propose to put him through.
—Mr Lott Warren, traveling agent of the Sumter Republican of Americus, is registered at the Markham.
—Mr DuBose Fitten has returned to the city after a month's rustication in the valleys and creeks of Bartow county. He looks hale, hearty and happy.
—Miss Annie Allen, of Alabama, who has been visiting our city for several days, left on a visit to Griffin Monday last, where she will spend several weeks with her many friends in that city.
—Mr Erick McCurdy, the popular baggage master of the Montgomery and Selma railroad, after spending a few days in our city, has returned home. Mr McCurdy is an affable gentleman and possesses fine business qualifications

SIDEWALK NOTES.

—The archery fever still exists.
—Clean out your private sewers.
—Retail trade was brisk yesterday.
—Local politics are as lively as ever.
—The clouds make it deliciously cool.
—Pointer dogs are numerous in Atlanta.
—Moonlight serenades are just in season.
—All the Georgia watering places are full.
—Our hotels have had a rush for the past ten days.
—Figs were never more plentiful, or as cheap, as at present.
—The occupation of the street sprinkler is temporarily gone.
—One thousand pounds of fruit is dried every day in Atlanta
—A big excursion will come from down the West Point road Saturday.
—The Athens excursionists went home yesterday in the very best spirits.
—Don't forget that Ives & Thomas have removed to 42 and 44 Whitehall street.
—Another colored excursion will be here in about a week from Columbus.
—The grass in the city hall park, since the rain, seems to grow an inch each day.
—A large number of our people will go down to Decatur to the Sunday school jubilee to-day.
—The Alerts should meet the Roanes again. With practice one club is as good as the other.
—The trade issue of THE CONSTITUTION will be over twice the size of the Sunday's issue of that paper.
—The post band gives a concert three nights each week and several of our young men go out to hear it.
—Country negroes have a kind of fascination for their neighbors' cattle, which should be stopped at once.
—Several military companies from New York city will be here to contest for the premium offered at the coming fair.
—The festival for the benefit of the Ladies' Benevolent home took splendidly, and quite a fine sum of money was realized.
—There is a premium offered for every imaginable thing at the coming fair to be held in our city in October.
—Several of our young men openly announce to the world that the climate at McPherson barracks is excellent.
—Among the excursionists from Athens were several females elaborately dressed in silk trimmed with velvet and lace.
—A number of delegates to the State Agricultural convention at Athens passed through the city yesterday from south Georgia
—The rain, if it wants to do the square thing by us, should give us a rest for a day or two. We have had quite enough for a while.
—Premium lists of the North Georgia Stock and Fair association are in great demand. Many of the applicants are in northern states.
—Piano solos by Miss Burkhardt and Miss Little Steane will be no little attraction at the lawn party at Mr. Moore's to-morrow night.
—The beautiful "Ilma Waltz," to be sung by Miss Black at the lawn party at W. A. Moore's to-morrow night, will richly repay all who attend. Miss Black has established herself as one of Atlanta's favorite vocalists.

THE PRIZE DRILL.

AN EXCITING TIME AT THE OPERA HOUSE.

The Prizes Won by J. W. Garrett of the Atlanta Cadets — Presentation by General Gordon.

Last night, the long expected prize drill took place at the opera house, in the presence of a very large and stylish audience, in which we noticed many visitors.

The pleasure afforded the public last evening is entirely due to the enterprise and liberality of that

MODEL COMPANY,

the Governor's Guards, of our city. Captain John Milledge devised and executed the whole plan, and by his indefatigable energy and skillful management, pushed it to the complete success which crowned his labors last night. Not only were our city companies represented in the contest, but the Macon Cadets, the Dahlonega Cadets, and the Virginia military institute were all ably represented.

THE PRIZES

for which so intensely a contest was had, were:

First—Fifty dollars in gold for the best drilled man.

Second—A beautiful silver epergne, costing $65 to the company of the best drilled man.

The last named prize was very kindly donated by Mr G H Miller, Southren agent of the Meriden Brittannia company. His kindness is highly appreciated, and will be remembered by the beautiful emblem which proved it. The epergne was of very handsome finish, and was very generally admired by the audience.

THE ENTRIES

for the prize were as follows:

From Macon Cadets—Corporals W J Juhan and E D Erwine; Privates L M Jones, E C Menard and F A Ethridge.

They wore a uniform quite neat and tasty, consisting of white coats and blue pants. The Macon boys presented a very fine appearance and were on the whole, we believe, the handsomest representation on the stage.

The Gate City Guards were represented by Sergeant Macon Spencer and Privates A C Snead, J S Wallace, J L Jackson, and Corporal R J Gilbert. Their elegant dark blue uniform never appeared to better advantage.

The Atlanta Cadets were represented by Sergeant S P Jones and Privates A S Cohen, M F Kollock, J W Garrett. The perfect neatness of their gray uniform gave them a very trim and soldierly look.

The Governor's Guards were finely represented by Sergeant W. F. Hetzel, C. W. Smith, Corporal J. N. DeSaussure and Privates W. M. Haig and Fitzhugh Lee. Their uniform is very much like that of the Cadets.

The Dahlonega Cadets were represented by Lieutenant W. F. Cassell, Sergeant Tracy Lamar and Private E. A. Kiser.

The Virginia Military Institute was represented by Cadet John A. Sibley, of Marietta.

The judges of the contest were the following United States officers:

First Lieutenant H H Adams, Co H, 18th Infantry; First Lieutenant R F Bates, Co G, 18th Infantry; Second Lieutenant O B Warwick, Co H, 18th Infantry.

Lieutenant C W Williams, Co E, 18th Infantry, acted as drill master and filled the role very finely.

When the curtain rose the young soldiers appeared in a semi-circle on the stage, presenting

A FINE ARRAY

of citizen soldiery.

The drill was begun before the critical gaze of the judges ready to detect the slightest imperfection. Lieutenant Williams gave the orders clearly. One or two errors were noticed by the audience, who saw that the fate of some of the contestants was sealed. The scenes were closed and the judges retired to announce their decision as to who should fall out.

When the men again appeared several were gone and the "survivors" were heartily cheered. The drill proceeded.

Again the scenes were closed and soon opened to show a still smaller number of men on the stage.

The Dahlonega Cadets were all gone except Private E. A. Kiser, who stood in the center of the stage and behaved finely from first to last.

Again the scenes closed. When they opened only six men remained, and they were cheered on their appearance. These "survivors" were Menard and Jones, of the Macon Cadets; Cohen and Garrett, of the Atlanta Cadets, and Wallace and Snead of the Gate City Guards. These were put through a very severe test and stood it manfully. The judges went on the stage so as to get as close as possible and to detect the slightest error.

In the command of "inspection arms," there was a bauble and the scene closed.

When they were opened only Jones of the Macon Cadets, Wallace of the Gate City Guards and Garrett and Cohen of the Atlanta Cadets remained. Now

THE EXCITEMENT

was intense. The audience cheered heartily. Many supposed that Macon would carry off the laurels, and, indeed many wished that such would be the result, for Macon had many friends in the audience.

The drill went on with increased complications. The men all stood it wonderfully. There was never a better volunteer drill in Georgia. The audience admired its perfection.

At last, on an order of cease firing all except Garrett went wrong, and though most of the audience did not know who of the four was the lucky man. The scenes opened soon, however, and Private Garrett, of the Atlanta Cadets, stood alone on the stage beside Lieut Williams. A hearty cheer arose from the whole audience. Mr. Garrett had stood out a list of the best drilled men in Georgia, and deserved the applause he received.

The men were again called into line with Mr Garrett in the centre.

GENERAL GORDON

then appeared, at the request of Captain Milledge, to present the prizes. In his usual happy style this distinguished Georgian made a few very appropriate remarks spiced with wit and commended by wisdom. He was heard with profound attention, and was heartily cheered. He concluded his brief remarks by presenting Mr. Garrett the money for himself and the epergne for the Atlanta Cadets. The audience then dispersed in the happiest humor possible.

The drill did honor to all the young men in it. It was one of the finest exhibitions of skill ever made by Georgia volunteers. No man who entered need be ashamed of his action last evening.

MILITARY PERSONALS

—Col C M Wiley, Major N M Hodgkins and Capt T L Ross, of the Second Georgia battalion, are in the city.
—Adjutant J T Hunt, Capt E T Murphey, and Lieut. J E Redding, of the Fifth Georgia battalion, are among the visiting military.
—Col W P Price, of Dahlonega, is in the city.
—Capt A Pratt Adams, of the Johnson Light Infantry, is at the Markham.
—J C Tynes, of the Marietta Riflemen, is enjoying a day or two in Atlanta.
—Adjutant E R Rivers, of the Alabama Agricultural college, is in the city.

THE CADETS.

The Resignation of Capt. Jackson and the Election of Lieut. McCandless.

"Good morning, Captain McCandless," is the way that the boys will greet their former lieutenant hereafter, for on Monday evening Lieutenant McCandless, of the Atlanta Cadets was elected captain of that company by a vote of every member present. The Atlanta Cadets held a rousing meeting at their armory on Mitchell street for the purpose of receiving the resignation of Captain Henry Jackson and to elect an officer to fill the vacancy. The gathering was probably one of the largest ever held by the company, as that entire body feels an interest in everything that happens in connection with the welfare of the organization to which they are at all times wedded. The meeting was called to order with Captain Jackson in the chair. When it was thoroughly organized and ready for the transaction of business, Capt. Jackson arose and placed before the body his resignation with the request that it be accepted. He regretted exceedingly that he was obliged to hand in his resignation, as during the many months he had been connected with the organization he had become much attached to the company and every member of it. His remarks were

UTTERED SO FEELINGLY

that tears were brought to the eyes of many members of the company. He wished them a bright future, and stated, that although he would not be with them as a member, his heart would always be wedded with the best interests of the company. In closing, Captain Jackson assured the company that he would always be ready and willing to lend any assistance to the company that they may desire.

The election of a successor was then brought before the company. Captain Jackson placed in nomination Lieutenant E S McCandless, the senior officer of the company as the gentleman best fitted to be the captain of the Cadets. The announcement of "Little Mac's" name brought forth such an applause

THAT IT WAS EVIDENT

that he was the unanimous choice of the company for captain. Lieutenant McCandless has always been a favorite with the men, and for this reason he is quite popular on all sides. There being no opposition to Lieutenant McCandless he was "put through" and made a full fledged captain in short order by a unanimous vote of the company. The newly elected captain being present, as he always is, arose and accepted the office, thanking the company for the honor conferred upon him by them.

It is claimed by several members of the company that his speech of acceptance was eclipsed by his beautiful effort made during the trip of the Cadets to Virginia, while the majority contend that he never made

A FINER SPEECH

in his life. Evidently, his remarks took the company by storm, and McCandless stock is above par this morning. In the election of Mr. McCandless as their captain, the company has made a fine choice. In fact it would have been hard work to find one more efficient and so deeply attached to the interests of the company. His name was placed on the roll of the company in its infancy, and by efficiency and strict attention he has climbed from the rank of a private until his name is now enrolled as the captain of the organization. It is safe to say that the company was

NEVER MORE ENTHUSIASTIC

over the election of a captain than they were on Monday evening. They are thoroughly convinced that they have the right man at the wheel, who knows how and will steer them to victory upon all occasions.

One of the most pleasing incidents of the evening was the presentation to Captain Jackson of a gold headed stick, upon the handle of which is engraved, "To Captain Henry Jackson, from the Atlanta cadets." The cane was presented in behalf of the company by Mr. Steve Johnson, who made a fine and well timed presentation speech. The remarks made by the speaker expressed fully the love which the company had for their former captain, and the approval of the remarks was shown by an applause which

GREETED THE SPEAKER'S EARS

when he had concluded.

Captain Jackson, in accepting the token of love and friendship, made a speech of some length which showed fully the love which he had for the organization and the regret with which he severed his connection with that body. The elevation of Lieutenant McCandless to the head of the company has left a vacancy which will be filled at another meeting, to be held in about a week's time.

THE FOLLOWING RESOLUTION

was offered and unanimously adopted:

Whereas, The Atlanta Cadets on their return from Virginia were hospitably entertained by the "Danville Grays" at Danville. Also by Mr. Thurman, representing Messrs. Scoville & Selden, of this city. Therefore be it

Resolved, That we extend to the "Danville Grays" our sincere thanks for their kindness and hope that an opportunity may be offered in order that we may reciprocate that hospitality. Be it further

Resolved, That the heartfelt thanks of this company be tendered Messrs. Scoville, Selden & Co., of this city, who, through Mr. Thurman, the gentlemanly manager of the Arlington, at Danville, extended to our company the hospitality of their house in that city, and we congratulate Atlanta in having indeed such generous hearted, courteous gentlemen to settle among us, recognizing in them that high type of Virginia manhood and hospitality which entitles them to the respect and attention of all.

Resolved further, That a copy of the foregoing resolutions be published in THE ATLANTA CONSTITUTION and a copy be forward the Danville Grays and Messrs. Scoville, Selden & Co., all of which is respectfully submitted.

STEVE JOHNSON,
E. S. MCCANDLESS,
SERGEANT SANDERS P. JONES,
Committee.

An adjournment was then moved and the company was marched to the city hall park, where the ladies of

THE BENEVOLENT HOME

were holding a festival. Upon their arrival at the grounds, the company was feasted at the expense of Captain McCandless, who tendered the boys an invitation to join him in some ice cream.

A LIVELY CHASE.

A Young Pickpocket's Grief.

Yesterday about 2 o'clock there was a very large crowd of negroes collected under the car shed. In the number was one Adeline Jackson, who was just preparing to leave the city. She had in her hand a pocketbook containing about $20 with the value of her railroad ticket.

While she was talking to some friends, holding the pocketbook in her hand, she felt it

SUDDENLY SNATCHED AWAY

and saw a negro boy named Martin Holmes fast making way with her treasure. He was soon out of the crowd and was making down the Georgia railroad as fast as his legs would carry him, and with the usual speed of a locomotive.

He was soon spied by Patrolman Clark and Mr Wiley, a supernumerary who is assisting on the force. These two active officers were soon joined by Patrolman Manly. The three had a long and stern chase for a darkey never moved his legs better than did Martin Holmes. He kept well in advance of his pursuers for a full mile. They then gained on him, but did not catch him until they reached the bridge across the Air-Line road, fully two miles from where the race begun. When caught, it was discovered that he had

THROWN AWAY THE MONEY

and refused to tell what he done with it. He was taken to the station-house, but he still refused to tell anything. He is now in custody. Though there is no doubt of his having jerked the pocket-book, the recovery of the money is yet uncertain.

Gordon Institute.

The fall term of Gordon Institute promises to open under very fine auspices. The faculty of the institute is under the presidency of Mr. Charles E. Lamb.in, A. M. He is very ably assisted by five other teachers.

The institute has steadily grown in strength and popularity since its organization. It is now one of the strongest schools in the state and offers a very full course of study. Barnesville is a live, progressive place and in all respects a good situation for a school.

University of Georgia.

The commencement of the State university appears in this issue. The next term will open October 2 with greatly improved prospects. A very able and complete faculty have the university in charge, and its affairs will be most prudently and ably managed. Three hundred and scholarships are offered, and every one should be taken. Board and lodging can be had for $12 a month in Athens. Send to the secretary for catalogue.

DeKalb S. S. Association.

To-day the annual celebration of the DeKalb Sunday school association will occur at the tabernacle in Decatur. Half fare tickets will be issued on the Georgia road. A large attendance is expected from Atlanta. There are forty schools in the association and this united celebration will be a great gathering of all DeKalb county. A full report of it will be given in THE CONSTITUTION.

The University of North Carolina.

The next session of this famous school at Chapel Hill, N. C., will open August 26th. The institution is maintaining its high standard and going abreast of the times. For particulars and catalogue, write to K. P. Battle, president, Chapel Hill, N C

Hotel Arrivals.

MARKHAM HOUSE, August 13—J M Bones, Rome; George H Plant, Macon; B A Strange, R C Meador, Ellaville; A D Blalock, J Hanes, Jonesboro; J A Ansley, A A Adams, J P Ross, Americus; M H Purse, Marshallville; W C Gill, Lee county; Lawrence Dozier, Talbot county; Edgar Dozier, Columbus; E E Freyer, Wilmington, N C; Miss Freyer, Hepsibah, Ga; Jas E Brown, G W Henderson, Hampton; Jas Kirkpatrick, Baltimore; Robert Berner, Forsyth; W B Bolton, A J Blalock, High Shoals, Ga; Jno Milledge, Edgewood; J W Trunell, wife and servant, Cochran, Ga; Samuel J Winn Lawrenceville, Ga; A H Branhlett, Forsyth; Joe Clay, Savannah; J N Bones, Rome; J A Terhune, Rome; S U Trout, Cave Springs; H O Clark, Worcester, Mass; W E Bostick and wife, Columbia, Tenn; O B Simms and wife, Covington; W B Pike, Jefferson; Dr and Mrs DeBoozett, Wilmington, N C; Jas F Little, Talbot county, Ga; J P Heath, Camilla, Ga; G L Heath, Camilla, Ga; D J Bailey, Griffin, Ga; C M Davis, Morgan, Ga; Dr Bostick, Oconee, C R S; Geo S Jones, Macon, Ga; Col R H Sims, Griffin; J F Mobley, city; W W Clark, Covington; Elias Hauff, Philadelphia; R F Lyon, Macon; W R Williamson, Columbus; Mrs Wm Neyle Habersham, Savannah; O C Sanders, Gainesville; W H Daniel, city; Captain E J Murphy, Barnesville; Adjt J T Hunt, Barnesville; Lieutenant J E Redding, Barnesville; Corporal J C Blalock, Barnesville; Private J L Kennedy, Barnesville; W H Stockton, city; Mike Welsh, Augusta; Wm McKay, Macon.

KIMBALL HOUSE—James A Nelson, Macon; G A Seymour, New York; J Adger Smyth, Charleston; Rev J H DeVotie, Griffin; Mrs Jessie Batts, Miss Batts, Texas; Miss Ford, Nashville; Miss Amelia Harris, Galveston; J E Ponder, Cincinnati; J C Moore, W & A R R; A Kington, M C Nicholson, New York; L Johnson, Blackshear; W T Whitsett, Montgomery, N Hicks, Ga; V B Burns, Georgia; Wm E Simmons, F F Juhan, Lawrenceville; Warren P Lovett, city; C A Lilly, Gainesville; R W Eddings, H D Jennings, Memphis; E T Watts, Dallas, Texas; Benj Leary, New York; T H Moore, Florida; Mrs Farley and two children, Alabama; H B Brady, Chattanooga; H Venable and son, Newton co; John T Baker, Philadelphia, Pa; S Limberger, N Y; W Rucker, Athens; Howard Van Epps, city; Emory Speer, Athens; Miss Alice Farnum, Dalton; Col L N Trammell, do; F M Bell Union Springs, Ala; John S Leak, Cartersville; Dr Bradley, M F Caldwell, Gainesville; R F Noyes, Florida; J J Baldwin, Georgia; H W Woodruff, Chicago; Lt Col C M Wiley, 2nd Ga Batt; Maj N M Hodgins, do; Adj't J T Hunt, 5th Ga Batt; Capt J L Ross, Corporal E D Irvine, Corporal W J Juhan, Cadet L M Jones, do F C Etheridge, do E P Nesbard, Macon Cadets; Capt E J Murphy, LaJ E Redding, Barnesville Blues; Chas H Taylor, Macon; R C Jeoneton, Ga; W F Pattillo, F H Howse, C D Hill, B H Hill, city, John H Cotton, Murfreesboro; Mrs Haley and two children, Cleveland; M L Dumas, H L Willis, St Louis; H W Jones, Kentucky; B L Banks, Spartanburg; H Farman, Miss Reese, Charlotte; H L Procter, Philadelphia; B A Sims, Charlotte; Mrs H McCord, Opelika.

Notice to Planters.

Thomas Wynne, inventor of the celebrated Wynne Cotton Gin, gives an important notice to cotton planters in to-day's CONSTITUTION. It will be remembered that Mr. Wynne's factory was blown down in the terrible storm of June, but he has rebuilt it sufficiently to make gins, and has made also a reduction in the price. Newspapers who wish to give an honest but unfortunate man a "lift" will please call attention to this fact. His gins are used all over the south.

Sponge Cake Pudding.

One cup of flour, one cup of sugar, yolks of three eggs well beaten, and the whites beaten separately, two teaspoonsfuls DOOLEY'S YEAST POWDER, one or two tablespoonfuls sweet milk.

Coal! Coal! Coal! Sciple & Sons.
$65 aug14...dtf

NOTICE.

AUGUSTA FEMALE SEMINARY,
STAUNTON, VA.

Miss Georgia L. Ripley, one of the teachers in the Augusta Female Seminary, will leave Atlanta for Staunton about the first of September, and will take charge of any young ladies coming to this Seminary.

Please address Miss Ripley at Adairsville, Ga., for further information.

MISS MARY J. BALDWIN,
Principal Augusta Female Seminary.
156 aug9...d2w fri sun wed

Ash your Grocer for Lewis' Choice Flour. Use no other.
184 aug11...d3t sun wed fri

Celebration at Decatur.

DeKalb County Sunday School Association, Wednesday, 14th. Rev. Robt. Irvine, D. D., of Augusta, will deliver the address. Train will leave car shed 9½ o'clock a. m., return 6 p. m. Fare, round trip, 25 cents.

Lewis' Choice Flour, made at the Atlanta Flouring Mills, corner Hunter and Thompson streets, is the best in the market.
184 aug11...d3t sun wed fri

We learn that invitations have been extended to Marietta, Griffin, Gainesville, Athens, and other sister cities, and there will be a large number in attendance on the Odd Fellows' Ball on the 22d instant.

To Arrive To-day,

Large lot Choice Irish Potatoes, to be sold low on arrival, at SIMONS & LEE'S.
261 aug14...d1f

O, ma! I saw such a lovely Suit of Furniture at Ives & Thomas', and so cheap. If Jim would only propose I would marry him this night. He says furniture costs so much. Oh, pshaw, he is just fooling me. aug14...d1f

FRUIT JARS, All Kinds.
MILLVILLE ATMOSPHERIC FRUIT JARS, CHAMPION FREEZERS. FLY FANS and TRAPS to Merchants at manufacturers prices by
McBRIDE & CO
149 nov11...d1yr 4pg

Red Ash Alabama Coal. Sciple & Sons.
$65 aug14...dtf

Shoes and Slippers.

Ladies', Misses' and Children's SLIPPERS and NEWPORT TIES—also Gents' and Boy's LOW-QUARTERED SHOES, AT COST, from this date. Other BOOTS and SHOES very much reduced in price. G. H. & A. W. FORCE,
33 Whitehall street.
161 aug9...dww near top 3d or 4th col

Great closing out sale of our entire dress goods, black grenadines and black silk stocks. We have marked down the above good to much less than they can be manufactured for. FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.
000 july28dtf

Coal Creek, Montevallo and Eureka Coal. Extra good Lump. By car load as low as can be bought in this city.
SCIPLE & SONS,
155 aug14...d1t 59 Decatur street.

WILHOF'S TONIC!—UNFAILING AND INFALLIBLE!—This great Chill Tonic cures Chills without the intervention of doctors and their bills. No consulting visits—no prescriptions to be filled—no huge bills, entailing pecuniary embarrassments, added to loss of health. It is the friend of the poor man, because it enables him to earn a living, and of the rich, because it prepares him to enjoy his wealth. This great boon to mankind is cheap, safe and prompt. WILHOLECK, FINLAY & CO., Proprietors, New Orleans.
627 may1...d&w6m aug10...d&w3w

On Monday and Tuesday next I will open at my new and commodious warerooms, Nos 7 and 9 Marietta st, the largest assortment of "Queen Ann" and "East Lake" Parlor and Chamber Suits ever offered in this city. Parties desiring this modern style furniture will be amply repaid by calling. Elegant Satin and Wool Reps Parlor Suits very low. Remember my goods are all first-class and guaranteed.
309 aug11...d1w P H SNOOK.

Eureka Coal. Sciple & Sons.
165 aug14...d1f

Do you want an elegant Parlor Suit cheap? Go to P H Snook.

Do you want a handsome Chamber Suit very low? Go to P H Snook.

Do you want any pieces of Furniture? Visit P H Snook handsome warerooms, 7 and 9 Marietta st. 209 aug11...d1w

Montevallo Coal. Sciple & Sons.
263 aug14—d1f

Don't fail to call during this week and see P H Snook's elegant stock of furniture. Special bargains in "Queen Ann" Sideboards, Hat Racks and Wardrobes. Parties in search of modern furniture will be amply repaid by calling before buying elsewhere.
209 aug11...d1w

I have the handsomest $50 Parlor Suit in Georgia. Call at P H Snook's and see for ourself. 209 aug11...1w

If you want light biscuit use Lewis' Choice Flour, made from selected wheat, and is always uniform in grade.
184 aug11...d3t sun wed fri

Parties at a distance wishing to buy furniture will be furnished with photographs on application to P H Snook, cheapest furniture house in Georgia. 209 aug11...d1w

Coal Creek Coal. Sciple & Sons.
265 aug14...d1f

Save Your Child's Life!

By giving DR. MOFFETT'S TEETHINA (*Teething Powders.*) TEETHINA will Regulate the Bowels and make Teething easy. Cures Cholera Infantum and the Summer Complaints of Children, Heals Eruptions and Sores, Removes and Prevents Worms. Anodynes only soothe; TEETHINA cures the child. Hunt, Rankin & Lamar and all Druggists keep it.

O. H. Jones' Livery Stable—Prices Reduced.

I have, since the 1st of July, reduced the price of livery from 15 to 20 per cent for cash city customers. And where a reduction has not already been made, I will make a reduction of 15 per cent on all accounts made before that date by all parties calling at my stables and settling them within the next thirty days.
604 aug6...d1w O. H. JONES.

Miss Junia McKinley's Select School, No. 260 Peachtree St.

Fall term opens Sept. 2d. Superior advantages in Preparatory and Upper Departments. Beautiful location and grounds. Charges low. 182 aug11...d1 sept

New Goods. New Goods.

We have received within the past few days many new and desirable goods for

EARLY FALL WEAR,

which we offer at the very lowest market prices. Among the numerous goods just received we will mention only a few items in which

Special Bargains are Offered

Prints, Brown and Bleached Shirtings and Sheetings, Black Gros Grain Silks, Black Cashmeres and Alpacas, Fall Dress Goods, Quilts, Towels and Table Damasks. Also, Corsets, Gents', Ladies' and Misses' Hosiery, Ties, Cuffs, Collars, Carpets, Lace Curtains and Window Shades.

And we assure Dry Goods and Carpet buyers that they can save money by calling on us. Very respectfully,

Furchgott, Benedict & Co.,
38 WHITEHALL ST., ATLANTA, GA.

The balance of our Summer Stock we offer at FIRST COST to close out. Special inducements are are offered in Children's and Misses' Pique and Linen Suits, also in Ladies. Please call and examine these special goods at FURCHGOTT, BENEDICT & CO.'S.
aug11..dtf

What is Portaline?

This question is thus briefly and truthfully answered. Portaline, or Tabler's Vegetable Liver Powder, derives its name from the fact that it regulates those portals of the body through which the most dangerous diseases make their entrance into the human system. Simple roots and herbs, for which we are indebted to bountiful nature, have been scientifically combined, and presented as a cure to all suffering with Constipation, Biliousness, Dyspepsia and all diseases arising from torpid liver. Price 50 cents a Package. For sale by Collier & Co., Pinson & Peacock, and Hutchison & Bro.
611 apr25...dew1w1wcwsly 1

An Undeniable Truth.

You deserve to suffer, and if you lead a miserable, unsatisfactory life in this beautiful world, it is entirely your own fault and there is only one excuse for you—your unreasonable prejudice and skepticism, which has killed thousands. Personal knowledge and common sense reasoning will soon show you that Green's August Flower will cure you of Liver Complaint, or Dyspepsia, with all its miserable effects, such as sick headache, palpitation of the heart, sour stomach, habitual costiveness, dizziness of the head, nervous prostration, low spirits &c. Its sales now reach every town on the Western Continent and not a Druggist but will tell you of its wonderful cures. You can buy a Sample Bottle for 10 cents. Three doses will relieve you.
378 june23...deowly &wkycwly

Take that Buckeye Out of Your Pocket!

Now that the medical properties of the Buckeye are clearly established, and utilized for the cure of Piles, why not make a direct application of its healing virtues in the form of Tabler's Buckeye Pile Ointment and be cured? This preparation is made from the alkaloid of the Buckeye, or Horse Chestnut, and, combined with other ingredients, is offered to the public as a cure for nothing else but Piles. Price 50 cents a bottle.

For sale by Collier & Co., Pinson & Peacock, Hutchison & Bro.
611 apr25 deowly&wcwly

INDEX TO ADVERTISEMENTS.

Gordon Institute—Chas E Lamb.din.
Coal Creek Coal—Sciple & Sons.
Iron kettles wanted—T N Hall.
Furniture—Ives & Thomas.
University of North Carolina—Kemp P Battle.
Irish potatoes to-day—Simons & Lee.
University of Georgia—Wm Henry Waddell.
Montevallo Coal—Sciple & Sons.
Notice to Planters—Thomas Wynne.
Sawyer wanted—A L Sauder & Co.
White woman wanted as nurse—Major Wight
Parties to put railing, etc—Mayor & Council.
Auction sale this morning—Olcott & Co.
Eureka Coal—Sciple & Sons.

FINANCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 13, 1878.

Atlanta Money Market.

GOLD—
Buying.....100 | Selling.....101
EXCHANGE—
Buying at.....par | Selling.....¼ prem.
BONDS—

Georgia 8s.....	100	Atlanta City 7s..	98@100
Georgia 7s.....	107@109	Atlanta City 8s..	106@107
Georgia 7s gold.	167@169	Atlanta 10s.....	113@115
Georgia 8s.....	103@114	Augusta City 7s	97@100
So. Car. railroad 8s	83@ 85	Savannah City..	54@ 57
N. R. R. R. 7s..	95@103	Macon City.....	50@ 60
Western R R of Ala. 1st m'tge	103@106	Ga. R. R. 7s.....	100@102
Western R of Ala. 2d m'tge, endorsed by Ga & Cent RR	103@116	Ga. R. R. 8s.....	94@ 96
Mobile & W P RR 1st mortgage	100@112	A. & W. P. R. R.	110@111
Atlanta Water..	99@101	Central R. R. 7s	109@108
STOCKS—		So. West. RR 7s	100@103
Georgia R.R.....	69@ 70	M. & W. R. R. 7s	100@103
Central R.R.....	50@ 53	W. & A. R. R. 1st	
A. & W. P. R. R.	99@100	secs, 10 per ct income bonds	98@100

BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK, August 13.—*Noon.*—Stocks general y strong. Money 2. Gold 100¾. Exchange steady at $4 84¾; short $4 88¾. State Bonds quiet. Governments steady.

NEW YORK, August 13.—*Evening.*—Money easy at 1¾. Exchange $4 84¾. Gold 100¾@ 100¾. Bid. Governments firm; new fives 6's. State Bonds dull.

Stocks closed strong.

N. Y. Central	103½	Preferred	83¼
Erie	17¾	Pittsburg, ex-div	79
Lake Shore	69½	Rock Island	112¾
Illinois Central	84	Western Union..	89¾
Chicago & N. W.....	84¾		

Sub-treasury balances:
Gold.....$121,966,608 Currency..$49,511,269
Sub-treasury payments:
Interest.....$7,000 Bonds.....$115,000
Customs receipts to-day $385,000.

LONDON, August 13.—noon—Erie 17¾. Street rate 4¾, which is ¼ below bank.

PARIS, August 13.—noon.—Rentes 110f 25c.

COMMERCIAL.

CONSTITUTION OFFICE,
Atlanta, August 13, 1878.

(Smith, Edwards & Co.'s Monthly Cotton Circular, Liverpool, July 31, 1878.)

The controlling influence over the market is still the extraordinary strength of the statistical situation, which becomes, if possible, more marked as the season advances. The deficit in the stock and cotton afloat for England is now fully 300,000 bales compared with last year, and nearly 500,000 bales compared with the year before. Against this spinners are supposed to hold a surplus stock of 50,000 bales over last year, and probably 100,000 bales over the year before. However the figures are manipulated, there can be no doubt that we have a time of extreme scarcity before us, and it will require very large supplies to keep the mills running full time till the next crop arrives. Much of course depends upon the earliness of the incoming American crop; it was thought at the outset to be unusually early, but it is said that wet weather in the gulf states has kept it back, and that it is not much earlier than usual. We incline to think, however, that the receipts at the ports in September and October will be much above last year, when they were unusually small: as the last crop was very late; they may even exceed the very large receipts of 18 6, which was a very early crop, and so we may fairly expect liberal arrivals by steam in November. No doubt steam will be used more freely than ever before to bring the crop forward, for there are shoals of steamers seeking cargoes at very low freights.

It is clear, however, that even with the utmost despatch of the new crop it will be difficult to supply the full consumption of our spinners unless short time be resorted to. At present we see little prospect of this, though trade continues exceedingly bad, and nearly all the machinery in Lancashire is working at a serious loss. As long as prices have an upward direction it is hardly possible to stop machinery; but when the top is fairly reached, and prices begin to go down, we should expect to see a very bad time among spinners—it may be numerous failures—and more or less of short time. The difficulty is to say how far the advance may go before the reaction comes, and the favorite opinion at present is that 7d will be touched for middling uplands.

With regard to the more distant future we would observe that prospects continue good for a large American crop; indeed the bureau return for July may be called first rate, but private accounts do not tally with it, as they allege that protracted wet weather in the Mississippi valley has somewhat injured the crop.